

# **General Information**

Legal form of entity	District Municipality
Municipal demarcation code	
	DC31
Nature of business and principal activities	Municipal services
Mayoral committee	
Executive Mayor	Ngwenya TD
Speaker	
	Letlaka TM (From 01 February 2015)
	Nkwanyana BA (Until 31 January 2015)
Chief Whip	Mdluli ZB (From 01 February 2015)
	Letlaka TM (Until 31 January 2015)
MMC's	Dikgale LJ
	Dube C
	Hlope NE
	Mafume AP
	Masombuka IM
	Radebe JF
Councillors	Amoraal G (From 01 July 2014)
	Bhamjee M
	Cronje RE (From 30 July 2014)
	Danisa M
	Du Toit E
	Hlumbane MB
	Jele EA Kabini SQ
	Legong TB Legong SM
	Louw JM (Until 12 June 2015) Deceased
	Mabuza BS
	Mahlangu JN
	Mahlangu BJ
	Maja SR
	Makhabane EN
	Maluleka MT
	Maseko BH (From 26 May 2015)
	Maseko CP
	Masilela TS
	Masina MAS
	Masuku MJ
	Mathibela SM
	Mdluli ZB (Until 30 January 2015)
	Mkhabela F
	Mlambo LN
	Mnguni MTE
	Mokhabela JT
	Mokoena LM
	Monareng KN
	Mosena MC (From 25 February 2015)
	Mothibi BM

	Msiza AS
	Msiza JN
	Mthimunye GT
	Mtsweni RQ
	Myakeni BS
	Ngwenya XS
	Niemann HF
	Nkosi NB
	Nkosi TL
	Nkosi MS
	Nkwanyana BA (From 01 February 2015)
	Ntuli D (Until 28 February 2015) Replaced
	Scheffer HJ (Until 30 May 2015) Resigned
	Shongwe SE
	Sibanyoni JM
	Sithole SF
	Tau JJ (From 26 May 2015)
	Tshabangu LM (From 26 February 2015)
	Van Der Berg EH
	Venter HJ
	Zondi ST (From 28 January 2015)
Grading of local authority	High Capacity
Accounting Officer	M M Skosana
Chief Finance Officer (CFO)	A L Stander
Business address	2A Walter Sisulu Street
	Middelburg
	1050
Postal address	P O Box 437
	Middelburg
	1050
	1000
Bankers	ABSA Bank Limited Middelburg
Auditors	Auditor-General of South Africa
Contact details	Telephone: +27 (13) 249 2000
	Fax : +27 (13) 249 2114

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Abbreviations		
GRAP	Generally Recognised Accounting Practice	
MEC	Member of the Executive Council	
MFMA	Municipal Finance Management Act	
MIG	Municipal Infrastructure Grant (Previously CMIP)	
MMC	Members of the Mayrol Committee	
DBSA	Development Bank of South Africa	
INCA	Infrastructure Finance Corporation Limited	

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Accounting Officer's Responsibilities and Approval

The accounting officer is required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003), to maintain adequate accounting records and is responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is the responsibility of the accounting officer to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the municipality as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the annual financial statements and was given unrestricted access to all financial records and related data.

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

The annual financial statements are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The accounting officer acknowledges that she is ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the municipality and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the accounting officer to meet these responsibilities, the accounting officer sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or deficit in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the municipality and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the municipality's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the municipality is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the municipality. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the municipality endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The accounting officer is of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or deficit.

I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements, which are set out from pages 1 to 108, in terms of Section 126(1) of the Local Government: Municipal Financial Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the municipality.

I certify that the salaries, allowances and benefits of Councilors are disclosed in note 23 of these Annual Financial Statements are within the upper limits of the framework enisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of the public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act for the year ended 30 June 2015.

M M Skosana Municipal Manager

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Report of the Chief Financial Officer**

#### 1. Introduction

The financial objective of the municipality is to secure sound and sustainable management of the financial affairs of the municipality and to assist the six local municipalities to be financially viable.

Critical areas for the district municipality and local municipalites amongst others include deterioration of audit outcomes, effective financial management, fully functional internal audit units and audit committees, high vacancy rate in key positions, declining growth in the Regional Services Council Replacement Grant, increase in operational expenditure, which negatively impacts on the allocations to municipalities.

Issue 3 of the IDP relates to financial viability and includes projects that conributed to the financial viability of the district and local municipalities.

# **Report of the Chief Financial Officer**

#### 2. Review of operating results

#### Main business and operations

The2014/15 budget of the Nkangala District Municipality was approved by Council on the 28th of May 2014. An adjustment budget was approved on the 25th of February 2015. herewith is commentary on the financial results.

2015		2015	20
Budget		R	
Č.			Restated
	REVENUE		
16 257 000	Revenue from exchange transactions	32 913 557	29 036 22
87 000	Rental of facilities and equipment	89 466	86 4
14 285 000	Interest earned - external investments	31 083 847	28 430 5
-	Interest earned - outstanding receivables	1 279 615	1
1 885 000	Other income	460 630	518 9
332 533 235	Revenue from non-exchange transactions	333 825 900	315 495 3
6 073 200	Income for agency services/ donars	<mark>6 089 974</mark>	60 0
326 460 035	Government grants and subsidies	325 966 366	313 592 0
	Other income	1 769 559	1 843 3
348 790 235	Total revenue	366 739 457	344 531 6
Budget	EXPENDITURE		
-	Employee related costs	73 261 494	55 900 0
16 577 770	Remuneration of councillors	12 691 037	11 598 14
8 623 900	Depreciation/ amortisation	7 910 269	8 312 3
10 031 870	Repairs and maintenance	8 132 246	4 094 42
5 082 107	Finance cost	4 490 939	5 446 6
193 678 603	Grants and subsidies paid	161 930 453	238 778 6
93 860 538	General expenses	66 881 992	86 641 93
431 951 826	Total expenditure	335 298 431	410 772 2
	Gains and losses on disposal of PPE	(29 578)	(6 941 5
115 550	Gains and losses on /acturial valuations	1 380 924	(189 3)
(83 277 141)	SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE PERIOD	32 792 372	(73 371 5

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Report of the Chief Financial Officer**

#### 3. Revenue

The total revenue of the municipality increased from, R344,887 (2013/14) to R366,739 million and indicates a positive outcome over the R348,790 budgeted for the 2014/15 financial year.

Revenue from exchange transactions amounts to R32,914 million, whilst the reveue from non-exchange transactions amounts to R333,826 million of which the major portions is from government grants and subsidies. The municipality is highly dependent on the RSC Replacement Grant that shows a deterioration growth rate year on year.

Indicative allocations published in the Division of Revenue Act (DORA) pooint to an increase in the RSC Levy Replacement Grant.

The outlook for the next financial year is that the total revenue will increase compard to the year under review.

Government Grants and Subsidies

Government Grants and Subsidies increased by 3.95% from R313,592 million (2013/14) to R325,966 million (R2014/15). Government Grants and Subsidies include the RSC Levy Replacement grant, the Equitable Share, Municipal System Improvement Grant, Financial Management Grant and the Expanded Public Works Programme Incentive Grant.

According to the accounting policies only the portion that has been expensed and meets the conditions of the grant are recognized as revenue.

#### Interest earned on external investments

Interest earned on external investments increased by 9.3% from R28,431 (2013/14) to R31,084 million (2014/15). This increase is attributed to the slow implementation of projects to local municipalities which resulted in additional surplus cash for investment and the marginal increase in interes rates on call deposits.

#### Income from Donors

Income from donors increased drastically from R60 thousand (2013/14) to R6,089 million (2014/15), which includes a major donation from Shanduka Mine of R5,563 million.

#### Interest earned on outstanding Receivables

Interest earned on outstanding receivables increased drastically from R0,174 (2013/14) to R1,280 million (2014/15), due to interest received from the South African Revenue Services (SARS) after a successful VAT audit.

#### Other Income

Other income from exhange transactions decreased by 11.25% from R0,519 million (2013/14) to R0,461 million (2014/15), which include discount received and the reversal of provision for performance bonuses.

Other income from non-echange transactions decreased by 4.0% from R1,843 million (2013/14) to R1,770 million (2014/15), which include discount received.

#### 4. Expenditure

The accounting officer is not aware of any matter or circumstance arising since the end of the financial year, except for an arbitration award that was made in favour of the former municipal manager for R1, 560 million .

The total expenditure decreased from R410,772 million (2014/15) to R335,298 million (2014/15) compared to the budgeted operating expenditure of R431,952 (2014/15). Grants and subsidies to local municipalities are the main driver of the expenditure of the District

#### Employee related cost

Actual employee related costs increased from R55,900 (2013/14) to R73,261 million (2014/15). The 2013/14 financial year was decreased with the reversal of provision for performance bonuses to the amount of R7,301 million. Actual employee related costs are 70.38% of the budgeted employee related costs, which is due to the few vacancies which have not been filled in the year under review, the provision that was made for the implementation of the wage curve and the rationalisation of salaries, which did not materialise in the year under review.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Report of the Chief Financial Officer

#### Remuneration of Councillors

Payments made to councillors are in terms of the legislation on remuneration of public office bearers.

Actual councillor allowance costs increased by 9.42% from R11,598 million (2013/14) to R12,691 million (2014/15). Atual councillor allowance costs are 76.55% of the budgeted remuneration of councillors.

#### Depreciation/ Amortisation

Depreciation/amortisation is charged on Property, Plant & Equipment/intangables at rates dedtermined in the accounting policies and asset useful lives are reviewed annually.

Actual depreciation/amortisation costs decreased by 4.84% from R8,312 milliion (2013/14) to R7,910 million (2014/15). Actual depreciation/amortisation costs are 91.72% of the budgeted depreciation/amortisation cost. The decrease in mainly due to the disposal of assets in the current financial year.

#### Repairs & Maintenance

This expenditure relates to maintenance of the office building which was used for the full duration of the year under review.

Actual repair and maintenance costs increased by 98.62% from R4,094 million (2013/14) to R8,132 million (2014/15). Actual repair and maintenance costs are 81.06% of the budgeted repairs and maintenance cost.

#### Finance cost

Finance costs relates to interest on long erm loans with INCA, DBSA and financial leases for office equipment.

Actual interest costs decreased by 17.55% from R5,447 million (R2013/14) to R4,491 million (2014/15), the decline is due to the INCA loan that was settled early. Actual interest costs are 88.37% of the budgeted finance charges.

#### Transfers & Subsidies

This expenditure relates to expenditure on projects on infrastructure and operational for local municipalities and regional functions for which the District Municipality is the primary authority.

Actual grants and subsidies paid represent 48.29% (2013/14) and 58.13% (2014/15) fo the total expenditure and decreased by 32.18% from R238,779 million (2013/14) to R161,930 million (2014/15).

#### General Expenditure

General Expenditure comprises of operting expenditure not disclosed elsewhere on the satement of financial performance. Detail of general expenditure is disclosed under note 26 of the financial statements.

Actual general expenditure costs decreased by 22.81% from R86,641 million (2013/14) to R66,882 million (2014/15). Actual general expenditure costs are 71.26% of the budgeted general expenditure.

#### Gians and losses

The municipality realised a net loss of R29,578 thousand (2014/15) on the diposal of property, plant and equipment compared to the loss of R6,942 million (2013/14).

The municipality realised a net gain of R1,381 million in the 2014/15 financial year compared to a nett loss of R0,189 million in the previous financial year on actuarial gains and losses.

#### Surplus

The municipality realised a surplus of R32,792 million 2014/15 as a result of the cost containment measures that was introduced.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Report of the Chief Financial Officer**

#### 5. Financial Position

The Statement of Financial position represents the financial strength of the municipality by a comparison of assets over liabilities.

The total assets of the municipality decreased marginally from R724,243 million (2013/14) to R723,995 million (2014/15). The contributing factors of this decrease can mainly be attributed to declining inventory and call investments.

Liabilities decreased by 30.61% from R107,936 million (2013/14) to R74,895 million (2014/15), which is mainly due to the redemption of liabilities for 2015.

#### 6. Key Ratio

Current Ratio

This ratio represents the ability of the municipality to pay short term obligations within the next 12 months.

Financial year	Current	Current	Ratios
	Assets	Liabilities	
	R million	R million	
2013/14	591,070	66,213	8.93:1
2014/15	607,503	48,859	12.43:1

#### Acid Test

A stringent indicator that determines whether a company/institution has enough short-term assets to cover its immediate liabilities without considering inventory. Institutions with ratios of less than 1 cannot pay their current liabilities and should be looked at with extreme caution.

Financial year	Current	Current	Ratios
	assets -	Liabilities	
	Inventory		
	R million	R million	
2013/14	425,313	66,213	6.42:1
2014/15	485,374	48,859	9.93:1

Solvency Ratio

This represents the ability of the municipality to pay both its long term and short term obligations

Financial year	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Ratios
	R million	R million	
2013/14	724,243	107,936	6.71:1
2014/15	723,994	74,895	9.67:1

#### Other Ratios

This represents the ability of the municipality to pay both its long term and short term obligations.

	%	%
Employee related costs/Total Expenditure	21.85	13.61
Actual Grants and subsidies paid/Total Expenditure	48.29	58.13
Actual Grants and subsidies paid/Total Revenue	44.15	69.31
Actual Grants and subsidies paid/Budget	83.61	63.39

# **Report of the Chief Financial Officer**

#### 7. **Credit rating**

Global Credit rating committee has in August 2013 rated the Nkangala District Municipality as follows:

#### **Global Credit rating**

Security class	Rating scale	Rating	Rating outlook	Review dates	
Long term	National	A(za)	Stable	08/2014	
High credit quality relative to other issuers or obligations in the same country. Protection factors are good. However, risk factors are more variable and greater in periods of economic stress.					
Short term	National	A1(za)	Stable	08/2014	
Very high certainty of timely payment relative to other issuers or obligations in the same country. Liquidity factors are excellent and supported by good fundamental protection factors. Risk factors are minor.					
Long term	International	BBB-	Stable	08/2014	
Adequate protection factors and co	nsidered sufficier	nt for prudent invest	ment. However there	is considerable	

variable risk during economic cycles.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Report of the Chief Financial Officer**

#### 8. Generally Recognised Accounting Practices

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP) including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

The following standards were applicable during the year under review:

Reference	Торіс
GRAP 1	Presentation of Financial Statements
GRAP 2	Cash Flow Statement
GRAP 3	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
GRAP4	The Effects of changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
GRAP 5	Borrowing Costs
GRAP 6	Consolidated and seperate Financial Statements
GRAP 7	Investments in Associates
GRAP 8	Interest in Joint Ventures
GRAP 9	Revenue from Exchange Transactions
GRAP 10	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies
GRAP 11	Construction Contracts
GRAP 12	Inventories
GRAP 13	Leases
GRAP 14	Events After the Reporting Date
GRAP 16	Investment Property
GRAP 17	Property, Plant and Equipment
GRAP 19	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
GRAP 21	Impairment of Non-Cash Generating Assets
GRAP 23	Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions
GRAP 24	Presentation of Budget
GRAP 25	Employee Benefits
GRAP 26	Impairment of Cash Generating Assets
GRAP 27	Agriculture
GRAP 31	Intangible Assets
GRAP 100	Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
GRAP 103	Heritage Assets
GRAP 104	Financial instruments

#### 9. Conclusion

Good governance, sound financial management and financial viability remain critical success factors for the municipality.

#### 10. Acknowledgement

I would like to extend my appreciation to the Honourable Executive Mayor, Mayoral Committee and Councillors for strategic direction and leadership demonstrated during the financial year.

The guidance and vision of the Municipal Manager and Heads of Departments are acknowledged with gratitude. A special word of appreciation is extended to all my colleagues for their loyalty and support.

Thank you.

AL STANDER

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

### Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2015

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2015	2014 Restated*
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3&7	469,036,543	401,782,836
Inventories	4	122,128,873	165,757,124
Other receivables from exchange transactions	5	21,588	42,306
VAT receivable	6	16,315,586	23,487,257
		607,502,590	591,069,523
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	115,735,661	98,566,276
Intangible assets	9	756,591	851,117
Investments	12	-	33,756,425
		116,492,252	133,173,818
Non-Current Assets		116,492,252	133,173,818
Current Assets		607,502,590	591,069,523
Total Assets		723,994,842	724,243,341
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Other Financial liabilities	13	3,493,835	6,629,486
Finance lease liabilities	11	244,338	29,044
Payables from exchange transactions	14	20,876,904	31,884,015
Employee benefits	15	173,679	166,756
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	18	3,993,669	1,000,000
Provisions	16	522,237	-
Retentions	17	19,554,531	26,503,387
		48,859,193	66,212,688
Non-Current Liabilities			
Other Financial liabilities	13	10,797,738	27,903,833
Finance lease liabilities	11	485,703	-
Employee benefits Other liability 1	15	14,752,457	13,819,440
		26,035,898	41,723,273
Non-Current Liabilities		26,035,898	41,723,273
Current Liabilities		48,859,193	66,212,688
Total Liabilities		74,895,091	107,935,961
Assets		723,994,842	724,243,341
Liabilities		(74,895,091)	(107,935,961)
Net Assets		649,099,751	616,307,380
Accumulated surplus		649,099,751	616,307,380

### **Statement of Financial Performance**

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2015	2014 Restated*
Revenue			
Revenue from exchange transactions			
Rental of facilities and equipment		89,466	86,454
Sale of tender documents		460,630	518,995
Interest earned - outstanding receivables	20	1,279,615	174
Interest earned - external investments	20	31,083,847	28,430,598
Total revenue from exchange transactions		32,913,558	29,036,221
Revenue from non-exchange transactions			
Transfer revenue			
Government grants and subsidies	21	325,966,366	313,592,000
Public contributions and donations	41	5,563,200	60,000
Donated assets received		526,774	-
Other Revenue	42	1,769,559	1,843,386
Total revenue from non-exchange transactions		333,825,899	315,495,386
		32,913,558	29,036,221
		333,825,899	315,495,386
Total revenue	36	366,739,457	344,531,607
Expenditure			
Employee related costs	22	(73,261,494)	(55,900,067)
Remuneration of councillors	23	(12,691,037)	(11,598,147)
Depreciation and amortisation	37	(7,910,269)	(8,312,338)
Finance costs	24	(4,490,939)	(5,446,678)
Repairs and maintenance		(8,132,246)	(4,094,422)
Grants and subsidies paid	25	(161,930,453)	(238,778,699)
General expenses	26	(66,881,992)	(86,641,928)
Total expenditure		(335,298,430)	(410,772,279)
		-	-
Total revenue		366,739,457	344,531,607
Total expenditure Operating surplus (deficit)		(335,298,430) <b>31,441,027</b>	(410,772,279) (66,240,672)
Loss on disposal of assets and liabilities			(6,941,589)
Actuarial gains/(losses)	15	1,380,924	(0,941,309) (189,324)
		1,351,346	(7,130,913)
Surplus (deficit) before taxation		32,792,373	(73,371,585)
Taxation			-
Surplus (deficit) for the year		32,792,373	(73,371,585)

# Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Figures in Rand	Accumulated surplus	Total net assets
Opening balance as previously reported Adjustments	689,221,095	689,221,095
Prior period error (note 30)	457,870	457,870
Balance at 01 July 2013 as restated* Changes in net assets	689,678,965	689,678,965
Surplus for the year	(73,371,585)	(73,371,585)
Total changes	(73,371,585)	(73,371,585)
Restated* Balance at 01 July 2014 Changes in net assets	616,307,380	616,307,380
Surplus for the year	32,792,371	32,792,371
Total changes	32,792,371	32,792,371
Balance at 30 June 2015	649,099,751	649,099,751

### **Cash Flow Statement**

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2015	2014 Restated*
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts			
Grants		328,960,035	314,592,000
Interest income		32,363,462	28,430,772
Other receipts		72,376,367	38,899,710
		433,699,864	381,922,482
Payments			
Employee costs		(87,551,915)	(73,397,176)
Suppliers			(336,194,114)
Finance costs		(4,490,939)	(5,446,678)
Other payments		(760,341)	(12,958)
		(356,173,902)	(415,050,926)
Total receipts		433,699,864	381,922,482
Total payments		(356,173,902)	(415,050,926)
Net cash flows from operating activities	27	77,525,962	(33,128,444)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	8	(24,597,221)	(22,222,512)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	8	109,291	5,955
Purchase of investments		-	(2,671,091)
Movement in investments		33,756,425	-
Net cash flows from investing activities		9,268,495	(24,887,648)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of other financial liabilities		(20,241,746)	(5,880,457)
Finance lease payments		700,996	(372,842)
Net cash flows from financing activities		(19,540,750)	(6,253,299)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		67,253,707	(64,269,391)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		401,782,836	466,052,227
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3	469,036,543	401,782,836
-			

# Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts

Budget on Accrual Basis	Approved	Adjustment		t Actual amount	Difference	Deferen
	Approved budget	Adjustment	s Final budge	t Actual amount on comparable basis		nal
Figures in Rand					actual	
tatement of Financial Perform	ance					
Revenue						
Revenue from exchange						
ransactions					0.400	
Rental of facilities and	110,000	(23,000)	87,000	89,466	2,466	
equipment Aiscellaneous other revenue	645,000	(100,000)	545,000	460,630	(84,370)	
nterest on outstanding	5,000	(5,000)	-	1,279,615		SARS interest
eceivables	_,	(-,)		.,		
nterest received - investment	17,435,000	(3,150,000)	14,285,000	31,083,847	16,798,847	Slow spending on projects, surplus cash invested
otal revenue from exchange ransactions	18,195,000	(3,278,000)	14,917,000	32,913,558	17,996,558	
Revenue from non-exchange ransactions						
ransfer revenue						
Government grants & subsidies	324,272,000	2,188,035	326,460,035	325,966,366	(493,669)	
Public contributions and	-	5,563,200	5,563,200	5,563,200	-	
lonations						
Other transfer revenue	-	510,000	510,000	526,774	16,774	
Other revenue	1,240,000	100,000	1,340,000	1,769,559	429,559	
otal revenue from non- xchange transactions	325,512,000	8,361,235	333,873,235	333,825,899	(47,336)	
Fotal revenue from exchange ransactions'	18,195,000	(3,278,000)	14,917,000	32,913,558	17,996,558	
Total revenue from non-	325,512,000	8,361,235	333,873,235	333,825,899	(47,336)	
exchange transactions' Fotal revenue	343,707,000	5,083,235	348,790,235	366,739,457	17,949,222	
		-,,				
Expenditure						
Personnel	(117,698,706)	- , ,	(104,097,038)	(73,261,494)	30,835,544	
Remuneration of councillors	(16,826,270)	248,500	(16,577,770)	(12,691,037)	3,886,733	
Depreciation and amortisation	(9,572,171)	948,271	(8,623,900)	(7,910,269)	713,631	
inance costs	(4,399,607)	(682,500)	(5,082,107)	(4,490,939)	591,168	
Bad debts written off	(15,000)	15,000	- (10,031,870)	-	- 1,899,624	
Repairs and maintenance Transfers and Subsidies	(11,491,309) (245,808,826)	1,459,439 51,880,223		(8,132,246) (161,930,453)	31,998,150	
General Expenses	(245,808,820) (82,578,089)	(11,032,449)	(93,610,538)	(101,930,433) (66,881,993)		Slow spending
-						Slow spending
otal expenditure	(488,389,978)		· · · · ·		96,653,395	
	343,707,000	5,083,235	348,790,235	366,739,457	17,949,222	
	(488,389,978)	, ,		(335,298,431)	96,653,395	
Dperating surplus .oss on disposal of assets and	(144,682,978)	<b>61,521,387</b> (115,550)	(83,161,591) (115,550)	<b>31,441,026</b> 1 (29,578)	14,602,617 85,972	
abilities	-	(115,550)	(110,000)	(23,570)	00,01 Z	
Actuarial gains/losses	-	-	-	1,380,924	1,380,924	
-		(115,550)	(115,550)	1,351,346	1,466,896	

# Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts

Budget on Cash Basis						
	Approved budget	Adjustments	Final budget	Actual amounts on comparable basis	Difference between final budget and	Reference
Figures in Rand				54616	actual	
	(144,682,978)	61,521,387	(83,161,591)	) 31,441,026	114,602,617	
	-	(115,550)	(115,550)	) 1,351,346	1,466,896	
Surplus	(144,682,978)	61,405,837	(83,277,141)	) 32,792,372	116,069,513	
Deficit before taxation	(144,682,978)	61,405,837	(83,277,141)	) 32,792,372	116,069,513	
Taxation	-	-	-	-	-	
Actual Amount on Comparable Basis as Presented in the Budget and Actual Comparative Statement	(144,682,978)	61,405,837	(83,277,141)	) 32,792,372	116,069,513	

# Appropriation Statement

Figures in Rand											
	Original budget	Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy)	Final budget	Actual outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance	Actual outcome as % of final budget	Actual outcome as % of original budget
2015											
Financial Performance	•										
Investment revenue	17,440,000	(3,155,000	) 14,285,000	-		14,285,000	32,363,462		18,078,462	227 %	6 186 %
Transfers recognised - operational	324,272,000	2,188,035	326,460,035	-		326,460,035	325,966,366		(493,669	) 100 %	% 101 %
Other own revenue	1,995,000	5,540,200	7,535,200	-		7,535,200	9,263,778		1,728,578	123 %	6 464 %
Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	343,707,000	4,573,235	348,280,235	-		348,280,235	367,593,606		19,313,371	106 %	<b>% 107</b> %
Employee costs Remuneration of councillors	(117,698,706 (16,826,270		(107,893,938 (16,826,270		3,796,900 248,500				30,835,544 3,886,733		
Debt impairment	(15,000	) 15,000	_	-	-	-	_			DIV/0 %	6 - %
Depreciation and asset impairment	(9,572,171			) -	(398,900	) (8,623,900	) (7,910,269	) -	713,631	92 %	
Finance charges	(4,399,607	) 600,000	(3,799,607	) -	(1,282,500	) (5,082,107	) (4,490,939	) -	591,168	88 %	6 102 %
Transfers and grants	(245,808,826	55,834,877	(189,973,949	) -	(3,954,654	) (193,928,603	) (161,930,454	) -	31,998,149	84 %	66 %
Other expenditure	(94,069,398	) (11,279,213	) (105,348,611	) -	1,590,653	(103,757,958	) (75,043,816	) -	28,714,142	72 %	6 80 %
Total expenditure	(488,389,978	) 56,322,603	(432,067,375	) -	(1	) (432,067,376	) (335,328,009	) -	96,739,367	78 %	<b>69 %</b>
Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	343,707,000	4,573,235	348,280,235	-	-	348,280,235	367,593,606	-	19,313,371	106 %	6 107 %
Total expenditure	(488,389,978	) 56,322,603	(432,067,375	) -	(1	) (432,067,376	) (335,328,009	) -	96,739,367	78 %	69 %
Surplus/(Deficit)	(144,682,978	, , ,	· · ·	,		(83,787,141			116,052,738		

# Appropriation Statement

Figures in Rand	Original budget	Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)		s31 of the	Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy)	Final budget	Actual outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance	final	Actual outcome as % of original budget
Contributions recognised - capital and contributed assets	-	510,000	510,000	-		510,000	526,775		16,775	103 %	5 DIV/0 %
Surplus/(Deficit) Capital transfers and contributions	(144,682,978 -	510,000	510,000	-		- (83,787,141 - 510,000	526,775	-	116,052,738 16,775	103´%	DIÌ//0 <sup>°</sup> %
Surplus (Deficit) after capital transfers and contributions	(144,682,978	) 61,405,838	(83,277,140	) -		(83,277,141	) 32,792,372		116,069,513	(39)%	o (23)%
Surplus (Deficit) after capital transfers and contributions	(144,682,978	) 61,405,838	(83,277,140	) -		- (83,277,141	) 32,792,372	-	116,069,513	(39)%	o (23)%
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(144,682,978	) 61,405,838	(83,277,140	) -		(83,277,141	) 32,792,372		116,069,513	(39)%	o (23)%
Capital expenditure an	d funds sourc	es									
Total capital expenditure Sources of capital funds	33,853,060	(507,166	) 33,345,894	-		33,345,894	25,123,995		(8,221,899	) 75 %	o 74 %
Public contributions and donations	-	510,000	510,000	-		510,000			16,774		
Borrowing Internally generated funds	- 33,853,060	(1,017,166	- 32,835,894	-		- 32,835,894	787,687 23,809,533		787,687 (9,026,361		
Total sources of capital funds	33,853,060	(507,166	) 33,345,894	-		33,345,894	25,123,994		(8,221,900	) 75 %	5 74 %

# **Appropriation Statement**

Figures in Rand	Original budget	Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	funds (i.t.o. s31 of the	Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy)	· · · · J · ·	Actual outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance	as % of final	Actual outcome as % of original budget
Cash flows											
Net cash from (used) operating	(135,095,807	) (76,941,083	) (212,036,890	) -		(212,036,890)	) 77,525,962		289,562,852	2 (37)%	o (57)%
Net cash from (used) investing	(33,853,060	) 507,166	(33,345,894	) -		(33,345,894)	) 9,268,495		42,614,389	(28)%	. (27)%
Net cash from (used) financing	(6,129,882	) -	(6,129,882	) -		(6,129,882)	) (19,540,750	)	(13,410,868	3) 319 %	319 %
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(175,078,749	) (76,433,917	) (251,512,666	) -		(251,512,666)	) 67,253,707		318,766,373	6 (27)%	5 (38)%
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	206,365,432	259,686,796	466,052,228	-		466,052,228	401,782,836		(64,269,392	?) 86 %	5 195 %
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(175,078,749	) (76,433,917	) (251,512,666	) -		(251,512,666)	) 67,253,707		(318,766,373	6) (27)%	o (38)%
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	206,365,432	259,686,796	466,052,228	-	-	466,052,228	401,782,836	-	64,269,392	2 86 %	195 %
Cash and cash equivalents at year end	31,286,683	183,252,879	214,539,562	-		214,539,562	469,036,543		(254,496,981	) 219 %	5 1,499 %

# **Appropriation Statement**

#### Figures in Rand

R	Reported	Expenditure	Balance to be	Restated
u	inauthorised	authorised in	recovered	audited
e	expenditure	terms of		outcome
		section 32 of		
		MFMA		

#### 2014

#### **Financial Performance**

Investment revenue Transfers recognised - operational Other own revenue Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)			28,430,772 313,592,000 2,863,830 <b>344,886,602</b>
Employee costs Remuneration of councillors Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges Transfers and grants Other expenditure	- - - - - - -	- - - - -	- (55,900,067) - (11,598,147) - (8,312,338) - (5,446,678) - (238,778,699) - (98,222,258)
Total expenditure	-	-	- (418,258,187)
Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions) Total expenditure <b>Surplus/(Deficit)</b>	:	-	- 344,886,602 - (418,258,187) (73,371,585)
Contributions recognised - capital and contributed assets			-
Surplus/(Deficit) Capital transfers and contributions Surplus (Deficit) after capital transfers and contributions	-	-	- (73,371,585) - (73,371,585)
Surplus (Deficit) after capital transfers and contributions Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	-	-	- (73,371,585) (73,371,585)
Capital expenditure and funds sources			
Total capital expenditure			22,222,512

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

### **Appropriation Statement**

Figures in Rand	) e un e urt e el	Even en diture	Delense to be	Destated
			Balance to be	
ur ur	nautnorised	authorised in	recovered	audited
e>	xpenditure	terms of		outcome
		section 32 of		
		MFMA		

#### **Cash flows**

Net cash from (used) operating Net cash from (used) investing Net cash from (used) financing	(24	,128,444) ,887,647) ,253,300)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(64	,269,391)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	466	,052,227
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(64	,269,391)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		,052,227
Cash and cash equivalents at year end	401	,782,836

1. Investment revenue was more than budgeted as surplus cash was invested due to slow implementation of projects to local municipalities.

2. Other revenue was more than budget as the District received a donation from Shanduka and land from Steve Tshwete municipality.

3. Employee cost is less than budgeted due to vacancies and rationalisation of salaries that did not materialise

4. Remuneration of councillors is less than budgeted as the notice on the determination of upperlimits for councillors was issued late and could not be incorporated into the adjustments budget.

5. Finance cost is lower than the budget as the INCA loan was settled early.

6. Transfers and grants to local municipalitites is less than the budget due to the slow implementation of projects.

7. Other expenditure is less than the budget due to cost containment measures adopted by the municipality.

8. Capital expenditure is less than the budget due to slow implementation of the two firestation projects.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Accounting Policies**

#### 1. Presentation of Annual Financial Statements

The municipality's annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP), issued by the Accounting Standards Board in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003).

These annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention as the basis of measurement, unless specified otherwise.

A summary of the significant accounting policies, which have been consistently applied in the preparation of these annual financial statements, are disclosed below.

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

#### 1.1 Presentation currency

These annual financial statements are presented in South African Rand, which is the functional currency of the municipality.

#### 1.2 Going concern assumption

These annual financial statements have been prepared based on the expectation that the municipality will continue to operate as a going concern for at least the next 12 months.

#### 1.3 Significant judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing the annual financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts represented in the annual financial statements and related disclosures. Use of available information and the application of judgement is inherent in the formation of estimates. Actual results in the future could differ from these estimates which may be material to the annual financial statements. Significant judgements include:

#### Trade receivables

The municipality assesses its trade receivables for impairment at the end of each reporting period. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded in surplus or deficit, the municipality makes judgements as to whether there is observable data indicating a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a financial asset.

The trade receivables were individually reviewed for impairment indicators and there was no indication of that impairment was required during the year 2015.

#### Impairment testing

The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units and individual assets have been determined based on the higher of value-in-use calculations and fair values less costs to sell. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions.

The municipality reviews and tests the carrying value of assets when events or changes in circumstances suggest that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Assets are grouped at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of cash flows of other assets and liabilities. If there are indications that impairment may have occurred, estimates are prepared of expected future cash flows for each group of assets. Expected future cash flows used to determine the value in use of tangible assets are inherently uncertain and could materially change over time. They are significantly affected by a number of factors including supply demand, together with economic factors such as interest.

#### Provisions

Provisions were raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available. Additional disclosure of these estimates of provisions are included in note 16 - Provisions.

#### Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and other assets

The municipality's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation/amortisation charges for property, plant and equipment and other assets. This estimate is based on the pattern in which an asset's future economic benefits or service potential are expected to be consumed by the municipality.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Accounting Policies

#### **1.3** Significant judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

#### Effective interest rate

The municipality used the government bond rate to discount future cash flows.

#### Defined benefit plan and other long-term employee benefits

The municipality obtains actuarial valuations of its defined benefit plan and other long-term employee benefits. The defined benefit plan and other long-term employee benefits identified are post-retirement health benefit obligations. The estimate liabilities are recorded in accordnce with GRAP 25. Additional information is disclosed in notes11&15.

#### 1.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one period.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset when:

- it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the municipality; and
- the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost.

Where an asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is its fair value as at date of acquisition.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Costs include costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

The initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located is also included in the cost of property, plant and equipment, where the entity is obligated to incur such expenditure, and where the obligation arises as a result of acquiring the asset or using it for purposes other than the production of inventories.

Recognition of costs in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment ceases when the item is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Major spare parts and stand by equipment which are expected to be used for more than one period are included in property, plant and equipment. In addition, spare parts and stand by equipment which can only be used in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

Major inspection costs which are a condition of continuing use of an item of property, plant and equipment and which meet the recognition criteria above are included as a replacement in the cost of the item of property, plant and equipment. Any remaining inspection costs from the previous inspection are derecognised.

Property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on the straight line basis over their expected useful lives to their estimated residual value.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.4 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and nonrefundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to working conditions for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Directly attributable costs include the following:

- \* Cost of site preparation.
- \* Initial delivery and handling costs.
- \* Installation costs.
- \* Professional fees.

\* Estimated cost of dismantling the asset and restoring the site to the extent that it is recognised as a provision.

Subsequently, propety, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite life.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised when the recognition and measurement criteria of an asset are met.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

Item	Depreciation method	Average useful life	Residual value
Land		Indefinite life	
Buildings	Straight line		
Paving	č	30	
Fencing		20	
Fire stations		30	
Leased assets	Straight line		
Office Machines	0	3 - 10	
Plant and machinery	Straight line		
General		7	
Telecomunication Equipment	1	5	
Radio		7	
Graders		10	
Generator		7	
Furniture and fixtures	Straight line		
Chairs		7 - 10	
Tables/Desks		7 - 10	
Cabinets/Cupboards		7 - 10	
Miscellaneous		7 - 10	
Motor vehicles	Straight line		
Fire Engines		20	
Motor vehicles		7	20%
Bakkies		7	20%
Emergency equipment	Straight line	-	
Fire	0	15	
Ambulances		5	
Fire hoses		5	
Emergency Lights		5	
IT equipment	Straight line	0	
Computer hardware		5 - 7	
Computer software	Straight line	3 - 15	
Infrastructure	Straight line		
Electricit - Supply &		20	
reticulation		20	
Roads		10	
Bridges		30	
Sewers		20	
Water Supply & reticulation		20	
<ul> <li>Reservoirs &amp; tanks</li> </ul>		20	
<ul> <li>Pumps</li> </ul>		15	
i unpo		10	

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Accounting Policies

#### 1.4 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Community	Straight line	
Clinics		30
Parks		30
Community Centres		30
Fire Stations		30
Other office equipment	Straight line	
Office Machines	-	3 - 10
Air Conditioners		5 - 7
Bins and containers	Straight line	
Bins	•	5 - 10
Recreational Facilities	Straight line	
Fire Breaks	-	20

The residual value, and the useful life and depreciation method of each asset are reviewed at the end of each reporting date. If the expectations differ from previous estimates, the change is accounted for as a change in accounting estimate.

Reviewing the useful life of an asset on an annual basis does not require the entity to amend the previous estimate unless expectations differ from the previous estimate as a result of accounting errors in the previous estimate.

Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately.

The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in surplus or deficit unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset.

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised. The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

Where items of property, plant and equipment have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the period that the impairment is identified.

#### 1.5 Intangible assets

An intangable asset is an identafiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.

An asset is identifiable if it either:

- is separable, i.e. is capable of being separated or divided from an entity and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, identifiable assets or liability, regardless of whether the entity intends to do so; or
- arises from binding arrangements (including rights from contracts), regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the municipality or from other rights and obligations.

A binding arrangement describes an arrangement that confers similar rights and obligations on the parties to it as if it were in the form of a contract.

An intangible asset is recognised when:

- it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the municipality; and
- the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

The municipality assesses the probability of expected future economic benefits or service potential using reasonable and supportable assumptions that represent management's best estimate of the set of economic conditions that will exist over the useful life of the asset.

Where an intangible asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its initial cost at the date of acquisition is measured at its fair value as at that date.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.5 Intangible assets (continued)

Expenditure on research (or on the research phase of an internal project) is recognised as an expense when it is incurred.

An intangible asset arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised when: • it is technically feasible to complete the asset so that it will be available for use or sale.

- there is an intention to complete and use or sell it.
- there is an ability to use or sell it.
- it will generate probable future economic benefits or service potential.
- there are available technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset.
- the expenditure attributable to the asset during its development can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses.

An intangible asset is regarded as having an indefinite useful life when, based on all relevant factors, there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate net cash inflows or service potential. Amortisation is not provided for these intangible assets, but they are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. For all other intangible assets amortisation is provided on a straight line basis over their useful life.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date.

Reassessing the useful life of an intangible asset with a finite useful life after it was classified as indefinite is an indicator that the asset may be impaired. As a result the asset is tested for impairment and the remaining carrying amount is amortised over its useful life.

Internally generated brands, mastheads, publishing titles, customer lists and items similar in substance are not recognised as intangible assets.

Internally generated goodwill is not recognised as an intangible asset.

Amortisation is provided to write down the intangible assets, on a straight line basis, to their residual values as follows:

Item Computer software Useful life 3 - 15 years

Intangible assets are derecognised:

- on disposal; or
- when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal.

The gain or loss on the disposal of intangable assets is the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount. It is recognised in surplus or deficit when the asset is derecognised.

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or a residual interest of another entity.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.6 Financial instruments (continued)

#### Classification

The municipality has the following types of financial assets (classes and category) as reflected on the face of the statement of financial position or in the notes thereto:

Class	Category	
Other receivables	Financial asset measured at amortised cost	
Investments	Financial asset measured at amortised cost	
Call investment deposits	Financial asset measured at amortised cost	
Bank balances	Financial asset measured at fair value	
Cash	Financial asset measured at fair value	

The municipality has the following types of financial liabilities (classes and category) as reflected on the face of the statement of financial position or in the notes thereto:

#### Class

Other payables Long term liabilities Financial lease liabilities Retentions Category

Financial liability measured at amortised cost Financial liability measured at amortised cost Financial liability measured at fair value Financial liability measured at fair value

#### Initial recognition

The municipality recognises a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when the municipality becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The municipality recognises financial assets using trade date accounting.

#### Initial measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

The municipality measures a financial asset and financial liability, other than those subsequently measured at fair value, initially at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

The municipality measures all other financial assets and financial liabilities initially at its fair value.

The municipality first assesses whether the substance of a concessionary loan is in fact a loan. On initial recognition, the municipality analyses a concessionary loan into its component parts and accounts for each component separately. The municipality accounts for that part of a concessionary loan that is:

- a social benefit in accordance with the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements, where it is the issuer of the loan; or
- non-exchange revenue, in accordance with the Standard of GRAP on Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions (Taxes and Transfers), where it is the recipient of the loan.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

#### **1.6** Financial instruments (continued)

#### Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

The municipality measures all financial assets and financial liabilities after initial recognition using the following categories:

Financial asset measued at amortised cost

- Other receivables
- Investments
- Call invesment deposits
- Bank balances
- Cash

All financial assets measured at amortised cost, or cost, are subject to an impairment review.

The amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest rate method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction (directly or through the use of an allowance account) for impairment or uncollectability in the case of a financial asset.

#### Fair value measurement considerations

The best evidence of fair value is quoted prices in an active market. If the market for a financial instrument is not active, the municipality establishes fair value by using a valuation technique. The objective of using a valuation technique is to establish what the transaction price would have been on the measurement date in an arm's length exchange motivated by normal operating considerations. Valuation techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties, if available, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models. If there is a valuation technique commonly used by market participants to price the instrument and that technique has been demonstrated to provide reliable estimates of prices obtained in actual market transactions, the entity uses that technique. The chosen valuation technique makes maximum use of market inputs and relies as little as possible on entity-specific inputs. It incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price and is consistent with accepted economic methodologies for pricing financial instruments. Periodically, the municipality calibrates the valuation technique and tests it for validity using prices from any observable current market transactions in the same instrument (i.e. without modification or repackaging) or based on any available observable market data.

Short-term receivables and payables are not discounted where the initial credit period granted or received is consistent with terms used in the public sector, either through established practices or legislation.

#### Gains and losses

A gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value of a financial asset or financial liability measured at fair value is recognised in surplus or deficit.

For financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost or cost, a gain or loss is recognised in surplus or deficit when the financial asset or financial liability is derecognised or impaired, or through the amortisation process.

#### Impairment and uncollectibility of financial assets

The municipality assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

For amounts due to the municipality, significant financial difficulties of the receivable, probability that the receivable will enter bankruptcy and default of payments are all considered indicators of impairment.

#### Financial assets measured at amortised cost:

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced directly OR through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Accounting Policies

#### 1.6 Financial instruments (continued)

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed directly OR by adjusting an allowance account. The reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in surplus or deficit.

Where financial assets are impaired through use of an allowance account, the amount of the loss is recognised in surplus or deficit within operating expenses. When such financial assets are written off, the write off is made against the relevant allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against operating expenses.

Financial assets measured at cost:

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an investment in a residual interest that is not measured at fair value because its fair value cannot be measured reliably, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses are not reversed.

#### Derecognition

#### **Financial assets**

The municipality derecognises financial assets using trade date accounting.

The municipality derecognises a financial asset only when:

- the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, are settled or waived;
- the municipality transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset; or
- the municipality, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, has transferred control of the asset to another party and the other party has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party, and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose additional restrictions on the transfer. In this case, the municipality:
  - derecognises the asset; and
  - recognises separately any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

The carrying amount of the transferred asset is allocated between the rights or obligations retained and those transferred on the basis of their relative fair values at the transfer date. Newly created rights and obligations are measured at their fair values at that date. Any difference between the consideration received and the amounts recognised and derecognised is recognised in surplus or deficit in the period of the transfer.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received is recognised in surplus or deficit.

#### **Financial liabilities**

The municipality removes a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from its statement of financial position when it is extinguished - i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, expires or waived.

An exchange between an existing borrower and lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as having extinguished the original financial liability and a new financial liability is recognised. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability or a part of it is accounted for as having extinguished the original financial liability.

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability (or part of a financial liability) extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in surplus or deficit. Any liabilities that are waived, forgiven or assumed by another entity by way of a non-exchange transaction are accounted for in accordance with the Standard of GRAP on Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions (Taxes and Transfers).

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Accounting Policies

#### 1.7 Leases

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

When a lease includes both land and buildings elements, the municipality assesses the classification of each element separately.

#### Finance leases - lessee

Finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation.

The discount rate used in calculating the present value of the minimum lease payments is the interest rate implicit in the lease.

Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of on the remaining balance of the liability.

Any contingent rents are recognised separately as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### **Operating leases - lessee**

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asssets are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. The difference between the amounts recognised as an expense and the contractual payments are recognised as an operating lease asset or liability.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term except where other systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

#### 1.8 Inventories

The municipality constructs infrastructure projects, which will subsequently be transferred to local municipalities in its area of jurisdiction at no cost when the project is completed. Projects still in progress and not yet completed are disclosed as inventory. Inventory is measured at actual cost.

The cost of inventories comprises of all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

#### **1.9** Impairment of cash-generating assets

Cash-generating assets are those assets held by the municipality with the primary objective of generating a commercial return. When an asset is deployed in a manner consistent with that adopted by a profit-orientated entity, it generates a commercial return.

Assets that are subject to impairment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recovered.

An impairment loss is recognised if the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount. The impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance immediately. The recoverable amount of the asset is the higher of the asset's fair value less cost to sell and its value in use.

The fair value represents the amount obtained obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.9 Impairment of cash-generating assets (continued)

The value in use of an asset represents the expected future cash flows, from continuing use and disposal that are discounted to their present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specified to the asset.

For an asset that does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the assets belong. A cash generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash flows from other assets or group of assets. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount.

The impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the asset. The carrying amount of individual assets are not reduced below the higher of the value in use, R1.00 or fair value less cost to sell.

A previously recognised impairment loss related to assets is reserved if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, however not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods,

After the recognition of an impairment loss, any depreciation charge for the asset is adjusted for future periods to allocate the assets' revised carrying amount on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

Impairment is a loss in the future economic benefits or service potential of an asset, over and above the systematic recognition of the loss of the asset's future economic benefits or service potential through depreciation or amortisation.

Carrying amount is the amount at which an asset is recognised in the statement of financial position after deducting any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses thereon.

#### Identification

When the carrying amount of a cash-generating asset exceeds its recoverable amount, it is impaired.

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a cash-generating asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable amount of the asset.

Recoverable service amount is the higher of a non-cash-generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

Irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, the municipality also tests a cash-generating intangible asset with an indefinite useful life or a cash-generating intangible asset not yet available for use for impairment annually by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable amount. This impairment test is performed at the same time every year. If an intangible asset was initially recognised during the current reporting period, that intangible asset was tested for impairment before the end of the current reporting period.

#### Value in use

The replacement cost and reproduction cost of an asset is determined on an "optimised" basis. The rationale is that the municipality would not replace or reproduce the asset with a like asset if the asset to be replaced or reproduced is an overdesigned or overcapacity asset. Overdesigned assets contain features which are unnecessary for the goods or services the asset provides. Overcapacity assets are assets that have a greater capacity than is necessary to meet the demand for goods or services the asset provides. The determination of the replacement cost or reproduction cost of an asset on an optimised basis thus reflects the service potential required of the asset.

If the recoverable service amount of a non-cash-generating asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. This reduction is an impairment loss.

After the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the non-cash- generating is adjusted in future periods to allocate the non-cash-generating asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Accounting Policies

#### 1.9 Impairment of cash-generating assets (continued)

#### Discount rate

The discount rate is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money, represented by the current risk-free rate of interest and the risks specific to the asset for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted.

#### Recognition and measurement (individual asset)

If the recoverable amount of a cash-generating asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. This reduction is an impairment loss.

An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

After the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the cash-generating asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the cash-generating asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

#### Cash-generating units

If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the municipality determines the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs (the asset's cash-generating unit).

If an active market exists for the output produced by an asset or group of assets, that asset or group of assets is identified as a cash-generating unit, even if some or all of the output is used internally. If the cash inflows generated by any asset or cash-generating unit are affected by internal transfer pricing, the municipality uses management's best estimate of future price(s) that could be achieved in arm's length transactions in estimating:

- the future cash inflows used to determine the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use; and
- the future cash outflows used to determine the value in use of any other assets or cash-generating units that are affected by the internal transfer pricing.

Cash-generating units are identified consistently from period to period for the same asset or types of assets, unless a change is justified.

The carrying amount of a cash-generating unit is determined on a basis consistent with the way the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is determined.

An impairment loss is recognised for a cash-generating unit if the recoverable amount of the unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit. The impairment is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the cash-generating assets of the unit on a pro rata basis, based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. These reductions in carrying amounts are treated as impairment losses on individual assets.

In allocating an impairment loss, the municipality does not reduce the carrying amount of an asset below the highest of:

- its fair value less costs to sell (if determinable);
- its value in use (if determinable); and
- zero.

The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other cash-generating assets of the unit.

Where a non-cash-generating asset contributes to a cash-generating unit, a proportion of the carrying amount of that noncash-generating asset is allocated to the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit prior to estimation of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.9 Impairment of cash-generating assets (continued)

#### Reversal of impairment loss

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for a cash-generating asset may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable amount of that asset.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for a cash-generating asset is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. The increase is a reversal of an impairment loss. The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.

A reversal of an impairment loss for a cash-generating asset is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

After a reversal of an impairment loss is recognised, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the cash-generating asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the cash-generating asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

A reversal of an impairment loss for a cash-generating unit is allocated to the cash-generating assets of the unit pro rata with the carrying amounts of those assets. These increases in carrying amounts are treated as reversals of impairment losses for individual assets. No part of the amount of such a reversal is allocated to a non-cash-generating asset contributing service potential to a cash-generating unit.

In allocating a reversal of an impairment loss for a cash-generating unit, the carrying amount of an asset is not increased above the lower of:

- its recoverable amount (if determinable); and
- the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.

The amount of the reversal of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit.

#### 1.10 Impairment of non-cash-generating assets

Cash-generating assets are those assets held by the municipality with the primary objective of generating a commercial return. When an asset is deployed in a manner consistent with that adopted by a profit-orientated entity, it generates a commercial return.

Non-cash-generating assets are assets other than cash-generating assets.

Depreciation (Amortisation) is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an asset over its useful life.

#### Identification

When the carrying amount of a non-cash-generating asset exceeds its recoverable service amount, it is impaired.

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a non-cash-generating asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of the asset.

Irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, the municipality also tests a non-cash-generating intangible asset with an indefinite useful life or a non-cash-generating intangible asset not yet available for use for impairment annually by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable service amount. This impairment test is performed at the same time every year. If an intangible asset was initially recognised during the current reporting period, that intangible asset was tested for impairment before the end of the current reporting period.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Accounting Policies

#### 1.10 Impairment of non-cash-generating assets (continued)

#### Value in use

Value in use of non-cash-generating assets is the present value of the non-cash-generating assets remaining service potential.

The present value of the remaining service potential of a non-cash-generating assets is determined using the following approach:

#### **Recognition and measurement**

If the recoverable service amount of a non-cash-generating asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. This reduction is an impairment loss.

An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

After the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the non-cash-generating asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the non-cash-generating asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

#### **Reversal of an impairment loss**

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for a non-cash-generating asset may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of that asset.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for a non-cash-generating asset is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable service amount. The increase is a reversal of an impairment loss. The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.

A reversal of an impairment loss for a non-cash-generating asset is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

After a reversal of an impairment loss is recognised, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the non-cash-generating asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the non-cash-generating asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Accounting Policies**

### 1.11 Employee benefits

#### Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

Short-term employee benefits include items such as:

- Wages, salaries and socialsecurity contributions

- Short-term compensated absences (such as paid annual leave and paid sick leave) where the compensation for the absences is due to be settled withn twelve months after the end of the reproting period in which the employees render the related employee service

- Non-monetary benefits (for example, medical care, and free or subsidised goods or services such as housing, cars and cell phone) for current employeees

When an employee has rendered serices to the municipality during the reporting period, the municipality recognises the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exhange for that service:

- as a liability (accrued expenses), after deducting any amount already paid. If the amount already paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of benefits, the municipality recognises the excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund;

- as an expense, unless another Standard requires or permits the inclusion of the benefits in the cost of an asset.

The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employees render services that increase their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the absence occurs. The municipality measures the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additinal amount that the municipality expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has ccumulated at the reporting date.

The municipality recognises the expected cost of bonus, incentive and performance related payments when the municipality has a present legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past events and a reliable estimate of the ogligation can be made. A present obligation exists when the muncipality has no realistic alternative but to make the payments.

## Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance as incurred.

Contributions to the defined contribution pension plan in respect of service in a particular period are included in the employees' total cost of employment and are charged to the statement of financial performance in the year to which they relate as part of cost of employment.

The municipality contributes towards retirement benefits of its employees and councillors to the under- mentioned pension funds:

Joint Municipal pension Fund Municipal employees Pension Fund

Municipal Gratuity Fund Councillors are members of the Municipal Councillor's Pension Fund that was established in terms of the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act 1998 (Act 20 of 1998).

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Accounting Policies**

## 1.11 Employee benefits (continued)

### **Defined benefit plans**

Actuarial valuations are conducted on an annual basis by independent actuaries separately for each plan.

#### Post employment medical care benefits:

The municipality provides post employment medical care benefits to its employees and their legitimate spouses. The entitlement to post –retirement medical benefits is based on employee remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of a minimum service period. The expected cost of these benefits is accrued over the period of employment.

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined contribution plans. Actuarial gains and losses comprise experience adjustments (the effects of differences between the previous actuarial assumptions and what has actually occurred) and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions. In measuring its defined benefit liability the municipality recognises actuarial gains and losses in surplus or deficit in the reporting period in which they occur.

Current service cost is the increase in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from employee service in the current period.

Interest cost is the increase during a period in the present value of a defined benefit obligation which arises because the benefits are one period closer to settlement.

Past service cost is the change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation for employee service in prior periods, resulting in the current period from the introduction of, or changes to, post-employment benefits or other long-term employee benefits. Past service cost may be either positive (when benefits are introduced or changed so that the present value of the defined benefit obligation increases) or negative (when existing benefits are changed so that the present value of the defined benefit obligation decreases). In measuring its defined benefit liability the municipality recognises past service cost as an expense in the reporting period in which the plan is amended.

Plan assets comprise assets held by a long-term employee benefit fund and qualifying insurance policies.

The present value of a defined benefit obligation is the present value, without deducting any plan assets, of expected future payments required to settle the obligation resulting from employee service in the current and prior periods.

The return on plan assets is interest, dividends or similar distributions and other revenue derived from the plan assets, together with realised and unrealised gains or losses on the plan assets, less any costs of administering the plan (other than those included in the actuarial assumptions used to measure the defined benefit obligation) and less any tax payable by the plan itself.

The amount recognised as a defined benefit liability is the net total of the following amounts:

- the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date;
- minus the fair value at the reporting date of plan assets (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled directly;
- plus any liability that may arise as a result of a minimum funding requirement.

The amount determined as a defined benefit liability may be negative (an asset). The municipality measures the resulting asset at the lower of:

#### - the amount determined above; and

- the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. The present value of these economic benefits is determined using a discount rate which reflects the time value of money.

Any adjustments arising from the limit above is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The municipality determines the present value of defined benefit obligations and the fair value of any plan assets with sufficient regularity such that the amounts recognised in the annual financial statements do not differ materially from the amounts that would be determined at the reporting date.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Accounting Policies**

## 1.11 Employee benefits (continued)

The municipality recognises the net total of the following amounts in surplus or deficit, except to the extent that another Standard requires or permits their inclusion in the cost of an asset:

- current service cost;
- interest cost;
- the expected return on any plan assets and on any reimbursement rights;
- actuarial gains and losses, which is recognised immediately;
- past service cost, which is recognised immediately;
- the effect of any curtailments or settlements; and
- the effect of applying the limit on a defined benefit asset (negative defined benefit liability).

The municipality uses the Projected Unit Credit Method to determine the present value of its defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and, where applicable, past service cost. The Projected Unit Credit Method (sometimes known as the accrued benefit method pro-rated on service or as the benefit/years of service method) sees each period of service as giving rise to an additional unit of benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

In determining the present value of its defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and, where applicable, past service cost, the municipality attributes benefit to periods of service under the plan's benefit formula. However, if an employee's service in later years will lead to a materially higher level of benefit than in earlier years, the municipality attributes benefit on a straight-line basis from:

- the date when service by the employee first leads to benefits under the plan (whether or not the benefits are conditional on further service); until

- the date when further service by the employee will lead to no material amount of further benefits under the plan, other than from further salary increases.

Actuarial valuations are conducted on an annual basis by independent actuaries separately for each plan. The results of the valuation are updated for any material transactions and other material changes in circumstances (including changes in market prices and interest rates) up to the reporting date.

The municipality recognises gains or losses on the curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan when the curtailment or settlement occurs. The gain or loss on a curtailment or settlement comprises:

- any resulting change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation; and
- any resulting change in the fair value of the plan assets.

Before determining the effect of a curtailment or settlement, the municipality re-measures the obligation (and the related plan assets, if any) using current actuarial assumptions (including current market interest rates and other current market prices).

When it is virtually certain that another party will reimburse some or all of the expenditure required to settle a defined benefit obligation, the right to reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset. The asset is measured at fair value. In all other respects, the asset is treated in the same way as plan assets. In surplus or deficit, the expense relating to a defined benefit plan is presented as the net of the amount recognised for a reimbursement.

The municipality offsets an asset relating to one plan against a liability relating to another plan when the municipality has a legally enforceable right to use a surplus in one plan to settle obligations under the other plan and intends either to settle the obligations on a net basis, or to realise the surplus in one plan and settle its obligation under the other plan simultaneously.

#### Actuarial assumptions

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Accounting Policies**

### 1.11 Employee benefits (continued)

Actuarial assumptions are unbiased and mutually compatible.

Financial assumptions are based on market expectations, at the reporting date, for the period over which the obligations are to be settled.

The rate used to discount post-employment benefit obligations (both funded and unfunded) reflects the time value of money.

The currency and term of the financial instrument selected to reflect the time value of money are consistent with the currency and estimated term of the post-employment benefit obligations.

Post-employment benefit obligations are measured on a basis that reflects:

- estimated future salary increases;

- the benefits set out in the terms of the plan (or resulting from any constructive obligation that goes beyond those terms) at the reporting date; and

- estimated future changes in the level of any state benefits that affect the benefits payable under a defined benefit plan, if, and only if, either:

- those changes were enacted before the reporting date; or

- past history, or other reliable evidence, indicates that those state benefits will change in some predictable manner, for example, in line with future changes in general price levels or general salary levels.

Assumptions about medical costs take account of estimated future changes in the cost of medical services, resulting from both inflation and specific changes in medical costs.

Long service awards:

The municipality has an obligation to provide long-term service allowance benefits to all of its employees. According to the rules of the long-term service allowance scheme, which the municipality instituted and operates, an employee (who is on the current conditions of service), is entitled to a cash allowance, calculated in terms of the rules of the scheme, after 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 years of continued service.

The municipality's liability is based on an actuarial valuation. The Projected Unit Credit Method is used to value the liabilities.

Actuarial gains and losses on the long-term service awards are recognised in the statement of financial performance.

The amount recognised as a liability for long-term service awards is the net total of the following amounts:

- the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date;
- minus the fair value at the reporting date of plan assets (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled directly.

The municipality recognises the net total of the following amounts as expense or revenue, except to the extent that another Standard requires or permits their inclusion in the cost of an asset:

- current service cost;
- interest cost;
- the expected return on any plan assets and on any reimbursement right recognised as an asset;
- actuarial gains and losses, which is recognised immediately;
- past service cost, which is recognised immediately; and
- the effect of any curtailments or settlements.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Accounting Policies**

## 1.11 Employee benefits (continued)

## Accrued leave pay

The liability is based on the total accrued leave days at year end and it is recognised as it acrue for employees, regardless how the obligation will be settled at the future date.

## 1.12 Commitments

Items are classified as commitments when an entity has committed itself to future transactions that will normally result in the outflow of cash.

Disclosures are required in respect of unrecognised contractual commitments.

Commitments for which disclosure is necessary to achieve a fair presentation should be disclosed in a note to the financial statements, if both the following criteria are met:

- Contracts should be non-cancellable or only cancellable at significant cost (for example, contracts for computer or building maintenance services); and
- Contracts should relate to something other than the routine, steady, state business of the entity therefore salary commitments relating to employment contracts or social security benefit commitments are excluded.

## 1.13 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when:

- the municipality has a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the obligation.

The amount of a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

Where the effect of time value of money is material, the amount of a provision is the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation.

The discount rate is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, the reimbursement is recognised when, and only when, it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received if the municipality settles the obligation. The reimbursement is treated as a separate asset. The amount recognised for the reimbursement does not exceed the amount of the provision.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Provisions are reversed if it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required, to settle the obligation.

Where discounting is used, the carrying amount of a provision increases in each period to reflect the passage of time. This increase is recognised as an interest expense.

A provision is used only for expenditures for which the provision was originally recognised.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating expenditure.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Accounting Policies**

### 1.13 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities (continued)

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the municipality.

A contingent liability is:

- a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the municipality; or
- a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:
- it is not probably that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation;
  - the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised. Contingencies are disclosed in note 28.

#### 1.14 Revenue from exchange transactions

Revenue is the gross inflow of economic benefits or service potential during the reporting period when those inflows result in an increase in net assets, other than increases relating to contributions from owners.

An exchange transaction is one in which the municipality receives assets or services, or has liabilities extinguished, and directly gives approximately equal value (primarily in the form of goods, services or use of assets) to the other party in exchange.

#### Measurement

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of trade discounts and volume rebates.

#### Sale of tender documents

Revenue from the tender documents is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

All other revenue is recognised at fair value as and when they occur.

#### Interest

Revenue arising from the use by others of entity assets yielding interest is recognised when:

- it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality; and
- the amount of the revenue can be measured reliably.

Interest is recognised, in surplus or deficit, using the effective interest rate method.

## Rental of facilities

Rental of facilities arising from the use by others of entity assets yielding interest is recognised when:

- it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality; and
- the amount of the revenue can be measured reliably.

#### 1.15 Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Revenue comprises gross inflows of economic benefits or service potential received and receivable by the municipality, which represents an increase in net assets, other than increases relating to contributions from owners.

Conditions on transferred assets are stipulations that specify that the future economic benefits or service potential embodied in the asset is required to be consumed by the recipient as specified or future economic benefits or service potential must be returned to the transferor.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Accounting Policies

## 1.15 Revenue from non-exchange transactions (continued)

Non-exchange transactions are transactions that are not exchange transactions. In a non-exchange transaction, the municipality either receives value from another party without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange, or gives value to another party without directly receiving approximately equal value in exchange.

Restrictions on transferred assets are stipulations that limit or direct the purposes for which a transferred asset may be used, but do not specify that future economic benefits or service potential is required to be returned to the transferor if not deployed as specified.

Stipulations on transferred assets are terms in laws or regulation, or a binding arrangement, imposed upon the use of a transferred asset by entities external to the municipality.

## Government Grants:

Government grants can be in the form of grants to acquire or construct fixed assets (capital grants), grants for the furthereance of national and provincial government policy objectives and general grants to subsidise the cost incurred by municipalities rendering services. Capital grants and general grants for the furthereance of government policy objective are usally restricted revenue in that stipulations are imposed in their use.

Government grants are recognised as revenue when:

- It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality
- The amount of the revenue can be measured reliably
- To the extent that there has been compliance with any conditions associated with the grant.

## Other grants and donations received:

Other grants and donations are recognised as revenue when:

- It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality
  - The amount of the revenue can be measured reliably
- To the extent that there has been compliance with any conditions associated with the grant

#### Rental of facilities:

Rental of facilities are recognised as revenue when:

- It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality
- The amount of the revenue can be measured reliably

#### Other Revenue

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003) and is recognised when the revovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain.

All other revenue is recognised at fair value as and when they occur.

Taxes are economic benefits or service potential compulsorily paid or payable to entities, in accordance with laws and or regulations, established to provide revenue to government. Taxes do not include fines or other penalties imposed for breaches of the law.

Transfers are inflows of future economic benefits or service potential from non-exchange transactions, other than taxes.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Accounting Policies

## 1.15 Revenue from non-exchange transactions (continued)

#### Recognition

An inflow of resources from a non-exchange transaction recognised as an asset is recognised as revenue, except to the extent that a liability is also recognised in respect of the same inflow.

As the municipality satisfies a present obligation recognised as a liability in respect of an inflow of resources from a nonexchange transaction recognised as an asset, it reduces the carrying amount of the liability recognised and recognises an amount of revenue equal to that reduction.

Revenue received from conditional grants, donations and funding are recognised as revenue to the extent that the municipality has complied with any of the criteria, conditions or obligations embodied in the agreement. To the extent that the criteria, conditions or obligations have not been met, a liability is recognised.

#### Measurement

Revenue from a non-exchange transaction is measured at the amount of the increase in net assets recognised by the municipality.

When, as a result of a non-exchange transaction, the municipality recognises an asset, it also recognises revenue equivalent to the amount of the asset measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition, unless it is also required to recognise a liability. Where a liability is required to be recognised it will be measured as the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, and the amount of the increase in net assets, if any, recognised as revenue. When a liability is subsequently reduced, because a condition is satisfied, the amount of the reduction in the liability is recognised as revenue.

#### Transfers

Apart from services in kind, which are not recognised, the municipality recognises an asset in respect of transfers when the transferred resources meet the definition of an asset and satisfy the criteria for recognition as an asset.

Transferred assets are measured at their fair value as at the date of acquisition.

#### 1.16 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and cash with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 1.17 Investment income - Interest earned external investments

Investment income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

#### 1.18 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance. Borrowing costs that relate to the acquisition/purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment that meet the definition of a qualifying asset, is capitalised to the cost of the item of Property, Plant and Equipment.

#### 1.19 Comparative figures

Where necessary, comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to changes in presentation in the current year.

Budgeted amounts have been included in the annual financial statements for the current financial year only.

Prior year comparatives

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period compartive amounts are reclassified. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Accounting Policies**

### 1.20 Unauthorised expenditure

Unauthorised expenditure means:

- overspending of a vote or a main division within a vote; and
- expenditure not in accordance with the purpose of a vote or, in the case of a main division, not in accordance with the purpose of the main division.

All expenditure relating to unauthorised expenditure is recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance in the year that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the statement of financial performance.

#### 1.21 Fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Fruitless expenditure means expenditure which was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised.

All expenditure relating to fruitless and wasteful expenditure is recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance in the year that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the statement of financial performance.

#### 1.22 Irregular expenditure

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No.32 of 2000), and the Public Office Bearers Act (Act No. 20 of 1998), or is in contravention of the municipality's supply chain management policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure.

All expenditure relating to irregular expenditure is recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance in the year that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the statement of financial performance.

## 1.23 Segmental information

Municipalities and municipal entities are not required to apply or early adopt GRAP 18 Segmental Reporting as the Minister of Finance has not yet determined the effective date for application by municipalities and municipal entities.

## 1.24 Budget information

The comparison of budget and actual amounts presentes seperatly for each level of legislative oversight:

- the approved and final amounts
- the actual amounts on a comparable basies
- by way of note disclosure, an explanation of material differences between the budget for which the municipality is held publicly accountable and actual amounts, unless such explanaion is included in other public documents issued in conjunction with the financial sttements, and a cross reference to those documents is made in the notes.

Where the municipality prepares its budget and annual financial statements on a comparable basis, it includes the comparison as an additional column in the primary annual fiancial statements. Where the budget and annual financial statements are not prepared on a comparable basis, a separate statement is prepared called the "Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts". This statement compares the budget amounts with the amounts in the annual financial statements adjusted to be comparable to the budget.

A comparable basis means that the budget and annual financial statements:

- are prepared using the same basis of accounting i.e. eiher cash or accrual
- include the same activities and entities
- use the same classification system
- are prepared for the same period.

The approved budget is prepared on an accrual basis and presented by economic classification linked to performance outcome objectives.

The approved budget covers the fiscal period from 01/07/2014 to 30/06/2017.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Accounting Policies

## 1.25 Related parties

The municipality operates in an economic sector currently dominated by entities directly or indirectly owned by the South African Government. As a consequence of the constitutional independence of the three spheres of government in South Africa, only entities within the local sphere of government are considered to be related parties.

Management is those persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the municipality, including those charged with the governance of the municipality in accordance with legislation, in instances where they are required to perform such functions.

Close members of the family of a person are considered to be those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that management in their dealings with the municipality.

Only transactions with related parties not at arm's length or not in the ordinary course of business are disclosed.

## 1.26 Events after reporting date

Events after reporting date are those events, both favourable and unfavourable, that occur between the reporting date and the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue. Two types of events can be identified:

- those that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting date (adjusting events after the reporting date); and
- those that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting date (non-adjusting events after the reporting date), will be dealt with by way of a note to the financial statements.

## 1.27 Commitments

Items are classified as commitments where the municipality commits itself to future transactions that will normally result in the outflow of resources.

Commitments are not recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability, but are included in the disclosure notes in the following cases:

- approved and contracted commitments;
- where the expenditure has been approved and the contract has been awarded at the reporting date; and
- where disclosure is required by a specific standard of GRAP.

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

#### 2. New standards and interpretations

### 2.1 Standards and interpretations issued, but not yet effective

The municipality has not applied the following standards and interpretations, which have been published and are mandatory for the municipality's accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2015 or later periods:

Effective date:

**Expected impact:** 

#### Standard/ Interpretation:

		Years beginning on or after	
•	GRAP 18: Segment Reporting	01 April 2015	The impact of the amendment is not material.
•	GRAP 105: Transfers of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control	01 April 2015	The impact of the amendment is not material.
•	GRAP 106: Transfers of Functions Between Entities not Under Common Control	01 April 2015	The impact of the amendment is not material.
•	GRAP 107: Mergers	01 April 2015	The impact of the amendment is not material.
•	GRAP 20: Related Parties	01 April 2016	The impact of the amendment is not material.
•	GRAP32: Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor	01 April 2016	The impact of the amendment is not material.
•	GRAP108: Statutory Receivables	01 April 2016	The impact of the amendment is not material.
•	IGRAP17: Service Concession Arrangements where a Grantor Controls a Significant Residual Interest in an Asset	01 April 2016	The impact of the amendment is not material.
•	DIRECTIVE 11: Changes in measurement bases following the initial adoption of Standards of GRAP	01 April 2016	The impact of the amendment is not material.

#### Cash and cash equivalents 3.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of:

Cash on hand Bank balances	10,200 24,961,253	10,200 6,202,392
Call Investment Deposits	444,065,089	395,570,244
	469,036,542	401,782,836

## The municipality had the following bank accounts

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

2014

2015

21,588

42,306

#### 3. Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

	Bank statem	ent balances	Cash book	balances
	30 June 2015	30 June 2014	30 June 2015	
ABSA Bank - Current Account - 1040161836	33,360,864	14,503,373	24,961,253	6,202,392
ABSA Bank - Fixed Deposit - 2074803822	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Absa Bank - Fixed Deposit - 2075065526	20,000,000	15,000,000	20,000,000	15,000,000
Absa Bank - Fixed Deposit - 2075094375	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Absa Bank - Call Account - 4083615135	9,650,536	10,013,141	9,650,536	10,013,141
Nedbank Bank - Fixed Deposit (6.50%) - 7881531304	13,000,000	15,000,000	13,000,000	15,000,000
Nedbank Bank - Fixed Deposit (6.08%) - 7881531304	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-
Nedbank Bank - Fixed Deposit (6.18%) - 7881531304	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Nedbank Bank - Call Deposit (5.45%) - 7881531304	8,059,102	8,000,000	8,059,102	8,000,000
FNB (RMB) Bank - Call Deposit - DC02E00161	10,545,506	5,029,418	10,545,506	5,029,418
FNB (RMB) Bank - Term Deposit - PVH568A010	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
FNB (RMB) Bank - Term Deposit - PVH5325014	11,000,000	15,000,000	11,000,000	15,000,000
FNB (RMB) Bank - Term Deposit - AY156FA011	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
FNB (RMB) Bank - Term Deposit - PVH55RA062	30,274,626	28,509,751	30,274,626	28,509,751
Standard Bank - Cash management - 2311380	110,229,546	103,278,072	110,229,516	103,278,072
Standard Bank - Retail Call - 038433834	3,717,153	5,302,795	3,717,153	5,302,795
Standard Bank - Notice Deposit - 038433834#070	18,000,000	15,000,000	18,000,000	15,000,000
Standard Bank - Notice Deposit - 038433834#079	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Standard Bank - Notice Deposit - 038433834#082	5,000,000	10,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000
Standard Bank - Notice Deposit - 038433834#083	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Sanlam - NDCKON	71,616,749	72,100,889	71,616,749	72,100,889
Investec - Call Deposit - 1400121751	44,309,054	51,192,048	44,309,054	51,192,048
Investec Promissory Note - TR39983 - Interest accrued	-	-	2,005,812	2,144,129
Investec Promissory Note - TR39983	36,657,036	-	36,657,036	-
Total	475,420,172	407,929,487	469,026,343	401,772,635
4. Inventories				
Projects - Work in progress			122,128,873	165,757,124
Work in progress				
Balance at the beginning of the year			165,757,124	186,682,047
Expenditure during the year			118,302,202	217,853,776
Less completed and transferred to local municipalities			(161,930,453)	(238,778,699)
Balance at the end of the year			122,128,873	165,757,124
No Inventories were pledged as security for liabilities.				
5. Other receivables from exchange transactions				
Gross balances				
Other receivables			21,588	42,306
			,	,
Net balance			o / =o -	
Other receivables			21,588	42,306
Other receivables				
Current (0 -30 days)			21,588	33,030
31 - 60 days				9,276
······································		-		0,210

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figu	ires in Rand	2015	2014
5.	Other receivables from exchange transactions (continued)		
Rec	conciliation of allowance for impairment of other receivables from exchange		
ran	isactions		
	ance at beginning of the year	-	12,512
	ounts written off as uncollectible rersal of allowance	-	(11,780
Rev			(732
Oth	er receivables from exchange transactions		
	er receivables from exchange transactions which are less than 3 months past due are not lune 2015: RNil (2014: R 9 276) were past due but not impaired.	considered to be i	mpaired. At
1 m	onth past due	-	9,276
6.	VAT receivable		
VAT	г	16,315,586	23,487,257
The	Municipality accounts for Value -Added-Tax on the payment basis.		
7.	Call investment deposits		
ABS	SA Bank Ltd	39,650,536	35,013,141
Ned	lbank	36,059,102	28,000,000
-	t National Bank	66,820,132	63,539,169
	ndard Bank	146,946,670	143,580,868
	lam	71,616,748	72,100,889
	estec estec LT transferred to ST (excluding accrued interest)	44,309,054 33,756,425	51,192,048
	rued Interest	4,906,423	2,144,129
	ns and conditions		2,111,120
		<b>444,065,090</b> 444,065,090	395,570,244
		444,065,090	395,570,244
Fina	ancial assets at fair value		
Fair	values of financial assets measured or disclosed at amortised cost		
Bala	ance at the beginning of the year	395,570,244	457,510,507
Inve	ested	333,732,552	
	rued interest	4,906,423	2,144,129
With	ndrawn	(290,144,129)	(349,626,009
		444,065,090	395,570,244
Ave	rage rate of return on Investments for the year 6.12% (2014/15) and 5.80% (2013/14).		
The	amounts disclosed agree to the statements of the relevant financial institutions.		
	-		

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

2014

2015

#### 8. Property, plant and equipment

		2015			2014	
	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated C depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated C depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
Land	810,000	-	810,000	300,000	-	300,000
Buidlings	66,513,180	(19,253,347)	47,259,833	66,513,180	(17,043,693)	49,469,487
Plant and equipment	1,413,651	(913,170)	500,481	1,422,227	(768,262)	653,965
Motor vehicles	9,157,732	(4,173,978)	4,983,754	8,103,989	(3,459,081)	4,644,908
Office equipment	9,238,535	(6,252,492)	2,986,043	9,180,902	(5,682,031)	3,498,871
IT equipment	16,036,405	(11,508,200)	4,528,205	16,145,969	(10,995,815)	5,150,154
Infrastructure	3,475,872	(1,634,220)	1,841,652	3,475,872	(1,352,384)	2,123,488
Emergency equipment	4,305,702	(930,166)	3,375,536	2,957,895	(522,782)	2,435,113
Security measures	1,920,103	(1,151,374)	768,729	1,876,223	(1,018,379)	857,844
Leased assets	787,687	(43,840)	743,847	920,200	(893,412)	26,788
Specialised vehicles	20,881,801	(3,577,979)	17,303,822	13,867,096	(2,271,609)	11,595,487
Work in progress	30,633,759	-	30,633,759	17,810,171	-	17,810,171
Total	165,174,427	(49,438,766)	115,735,661	142,573,724	(44,007,448)	98,566,276

## Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2015

	Opening balance	Additions	Disposals	Depreciation Disposals	Depreciation	Total
Land	300,000	510,000	-	-	-	810,000
Buildings	49,469,487	-	-	-	(2,209,653)	47,259,834
Plant and equipment	653,965	-	(8,577)	7,785	(152,693)	500,480
Motor vehicles	4,644,908	1,231,865	(178,122)	142,498	(857,394)	4,983,755
Furniture and appliances	3,498,873	185,753	(128,123)	112,742	(683,202)	2,986,043
IT equipment	5,150,153	1,025,848	(1,135,411)	1,100,133	(1,612,518)	4,528,205
Infrastructure	2,123,489	-	-	-	(281,837)	1,841,652
Emergency equipment	2,435,113	1,375,670	(27,863)	27,101	(434,485)	3,375,536
Security measures	857,844	43,881	-	-	(132,996)	768,729
Leased assets	26,788	787,687	(920,197)	920,196	(70,627)	743,847
Specialised vehicles	11,595,487	7,139,705	(125,000)	73,970	(1,380,340)	17,303,822
Work in progress	17,810,171	12,823,588	-	-	-	30,633,759
	98,566,278	25,123,997	(2,523,293)	2,384,425	(7,815,745)	115,735,662

## Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2014

	Opening balance	Additions	Disposals	Depreciation Disposals	Depreciation	Total
Land	300,000	-	-	-	-	300,000
Buildings	51,679,140	-	-	-	(2,209,653)	49,469,487
Plant and machinery	7,381,827	-	(9,516,319)	3,601,034	(812,577)	653,965
Motor vehicles	4,995,953	693,120	(505,234)	231,908	(770,839)	4,644,908
Furniture and appliances	4,187,290	88,095	(357,064)	270,654	(690,102)	3,498,873
IT equipment	6,576,665	205,882	(478,865)	421,606	(1,575,135)	5,150,153
Infrastructure	2,405,325	-	-	-	(281,836)	2,123,489
Emergency equipment	1,055,233	1,561,300	(251)	248	(181,417)	2,435,113
Security measures	990,833	-	-	-	(132,989)	857,844
Leased assets	369,628	-	(111,996)	111,893	(342,737)	26,788
Specialised vehicles	8,363,274	4,762,952	(940,000)	323,811	(914,550)	11,595,487
Work in progress	2,899,008	14,911,163	-	-	-	17,810,171
	91,204,176	22,222,512	(11,909,729)	4,961,154	(7,911,835)	98,566,278

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

#### Property, plant and equipment (continued) 8.

A register containing the information required by section 63 of the Municipal Finance Management Act is available for inspection at the registered office of the municipality.

#### 9. Intangible assets

	2015			2014	
Cost / Valuation	Accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
1,584,292	(827,701)	756,591	1,584,292	(733,175)	851,117
	Valuation	Cost / Accumulated Valuation and accumulated impairment	Cost / Accumulated Carrying value Valuation amortisation and accumulated impairment	Cost / Accumulated Carrying value Cost / Valuation amortisation Valuation and accumulated impairment	Cost / ValuationAccumulated Carrying value amortisation and accumulated impairmentCost / Valuation amortisation and accumulated impairmentAccumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment

## Reconciliation of intangible assets - 2015

	Opening balance	Amortisation	Total
Computer software	851,117	(94,526)	756,591

## Reconciliation of intangible assets - 2014

	Opening balance	Amortisation	Total
Computer software	1,251,620	(400,503)	851,117

## 10. Empoyee benefits - Current portion

Post Retirment Benefit Obligation Balance at the beginning of year Transfer to long term portion Contributions to long service awards liability	139,740 109,916 (129,296)	392,563 - (252,823)
	120,360	139,740
Long Service Awards Balance at the beginning of year Transfer to long term portion	27,016 26,303	225,820 (198,804)
	53,319	27,016
Total Employee benefits - current portion	173,679	166,756

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

## 11. Finance lease liabilities

	Opening balance 2014/06/30	Received during the year	Redeemed or written off during the year	Closing balance 2015/06/30	Less short term portion	Long term portion
Ricoh Dgital copier/printer PRO	29,044		29,044	-	-	-
137EX redeemable at 04/9/2014						
Dido Digital Sharp MX411ON	-	102,988	7,537	95,451	31,947	63,505
redeemable at 23 March 2018						
Dido Digital Sharp MX411ON	-	102,988	7,537	95,451	31,947	63,505
redeemable at 23 March 2018						
Dido Digital Sharp MX411ON	-	102,988	7,537	95,451	31,947	63,505
redeemable at 23 March 2018						
Dido Digital Sharp MX411ON	-	102,988	7,537	95,451	31,947	63,505
redeemable at 23 March 2018						
Dido Digital Sharp MX411ON	-	187,867	13,749	174,118	58,276	115,842
redeemable at 23 March 2018						
Dido Digital Sharp MX411ON	-	187,867	13,749	174,118	58,276	115,842
redeemable at 23 March 2018						
	29,044	787,686	86,690	730,040	244,338	485,703
Reconciliation						

Minimum lease payments due		
- within one year	301,680	29,262
- in second to fifth year inclusive	527,940	-
	829,620	29,262
less: future finance charges	(99,579)	(218)
Present value of minimum lease payments	730,041	29,044
Non-current lease liabilities	485,703	-
Current lease liabilities	244,338	29,044
	730,041	29,044
12. Investments		
Balance at the beginning of the year Invested and/ or accrued interest Transfer to short term portion	33,756,425 2,900,611 (36,657,036)	31,085,334 2,671,091 -

-

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33,756,425

37,218,084

## Balance at the end of the year

Guaranteed value of investments at maturity date
--

The long term investment matures in September 2015 and was transfered to current investments - see note 7.

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
13. Long term liabilities		
At amortised cost DBSA 1996 @ 6 months JIBAR plus 2% redeemable at 30/09/2019 INCA 2004 @ 12.28% p.a redeemable at 30/12/2018	14,291,573	17,467,478 17,065,841
Total other financial liabilities	14,291,573	34,533,319
Non-current liabilities At amortised cost	10,797,738	27,903,833
Current liabilities At amortised cost	3,493,835	6,629,486

## Annuity loans

Annuity loans	Opening balance	Received during 2014/15	Redeemed or written off during 2014/15	Closing balance	Less short term portion	Long term portion
DBSA: 1996 @ 6months JIBAR plus 2% redeemable at 30/09/2019	17,467,478		- 3,175,905	14,291,573	3,493,835	10,797,738
INCA: 2004 @ 12.28% p.a redeemable at 30/12/2018	17,065,841		- 17,065,841	-	-	-
Subtotal	34,533,319		- 20,241,746	14,291,573	3,493,835	10,797,738
	34,533,319		- 20,241,746	14,291,573	3,493,835	10,797,738

## 14. Payables from exchange transactions

Trade payables Other payables Accrued leave pay Deposits received	15,700,978 14,529 5,151,077 10,320 <b>20,876,904</b>	27,297,932 589,497 3,987,666 8,920 31,884,015
15. Employee benefit obligations		31,004,013
Long Term Employee Benefits		
Post retirement benefits Long service awards Movement for the year	13,678,409 1,074,048	12,544,580 1,274,860 -
Non-current liabilities	14,752,457	<b>13,819,440</b> 13,819,440
Current liabilities	173,679 <b>14,926,136</b>	166,756 <b>13,986,196</b>

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

## 15. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

## Post Retirement Benefits

Opening balance	12,684,320	9,815,000
Current service cost	1,008,035	1,690,000
Interest costs	1,172,467	778,000
Actuarial (Gain)/loss	(926,313)	544,320
Expected employer benefit payments	(139,740)	(143,000)
Closing balance	13,798,769	12,684,320
Minus current portion of liability	(120,360)	(139,740)
Closing long term portion of liability	13,678,409	12,544,580

#### Projected accrued liability

The post employment medical aid benefit are provided for ex retired employees and their legitmate spouses and is paid monthly. The entitlement to post-retirement medical benefits is based on employees remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of a minimum service period. The provision is an estimate of the liability based on historical staff turnover and life expectancy of the relevant people and is discounted by using the inflation rate at the reporting date. There was substantial additional staff appointed during the year under review, which is the reason for the huge increase form 2014 to 2015.

#### Valuation method

The method used is called the "Projected unit credit method". Under this method the accrued service liabilities are determined by projecting all future payments which will be made by the employer in respect of benefits accrued up to the Valuation Date. Assumptions are made in respect of, inter-alia, medical scheme contribution increases, withdrawals, deaths and ill-health, early and normal retirements. These payments are discounted at the valuation rate of discount to determine the present value of the liabilities at the Valuation Date.

Central assumption used	Changes in assumptions -	Liability R'000s 13,799	Percentage change -	Service cost R'000s 1,008	Interest cost R'000s 1,173	Total cost R'000s 2,181	Percenta ge - %
Medical inflation	1% decrease	11,733	(15) %	811	993	1,804	(17) %
Medical inflation	1% increase	16,324	18 %	1,254	1,392	2,646	21 %
Post retirement mortality	-1year	14,278	3 %	1,041	1,213	2,254	3 %

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand						2015	2014
15. Employee benefit ob	oligations (continue	d)					
Key assumptions used							
Discount rate Medical inflation (CPI) Salary increase rate Net effective discount rate			9.18 % 8.27 % 7.21 % 0.84 %				
Reconciliation of Moveme	ent in the post emp	loyment me	dical aid bene	fit			
Balance at the beginning o Contributions to post emplo Transfer to current post em	oyment medical aid b					12,544,58 1,114,44 19,38	9 3,027,851
Balance at end of year					_	13,678,40	9 12,544,580
Post retirement benefits	projection for 2016:					_	
Opening balance Current service cost					2016	13,798,769 1,085,182 1,261,079	1,172,467
Actuarial (Gain)/loss Expected employer benefit	payments					- (120,360)	(926,313) ) (139,740)
Closing balance						16,024,670	13,798,769
Minus current portion of lia	bility					(130,312)	) (120,360)
Closing long term portion o	of liability					15,894,358	13,678,409
Amounts for the current an	d previous four years	s are as follo	WS:				
		2015 R	2014 R	2013 R	2	2012 R	2011 R
Present value of accrual		13,798,76			,000 7	7,231,000	6,098,000
Long service awards							
Opening balance Current service cost Interest costs Actuarial (Gain)/loss Expected employer benefit	payments					1,301,876 200,064 107,054 (454,611) (27,016)	1,359,756 277,535 111,472 (354,996) (91,891)
Closing balance						1,127,367	1,301,876
Minus current portion of lia	bility					(53,319)	(27,016)
Closing long term portion o	of liability					1,074,048	1,274,860
-	Changes in assumptions	Liability R'000s	Percentage change	Service cost R'000s	Interest cost R'000	Total )s cost R'000s	Percentage
Central assumption used Salary inflation Salary inflation Retirement age	- 1% decrease 1% increase 2 Years decrease	1,127 1,049 1,214 0.966	- (7) % 8 % (14) %	200 183 220 180	107 99 116 94	307 282 336 274	- (8) % 9 % (11) %
Retirement age Withdrawal rates	2 Years increase 50% less	1,306 1,466	16 % 30 %	225 279	124 138	349 417	13 % 36 %

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

## 15. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

### Key assumptions used

Discount rate	8.24 %
General inflation (CPI)	6.21 %
Salary increase rate Net effective discount rate	7.21 % 0.95 %
Net ellective discount fate	0.95 %

## Other assumptions

Assumed healthcare cost trends rates have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in surplus or deficit. A one percentage point change in assumed healthcare cost trends rates would have the following effects:

Amounts for the current and previous four years are as follows:

	2015 R	2014 R	2013 R	2012 R	2011 R
Present value of accrual	1,127,367	1,301,876	1,359,756	1,187,266	1,093,102
Reconciliation of Movement in the post employm	ent medical aid	l benefit			
Balance at the beginning of the year Contributions to post employment medical aid benefi Transfer to current post employment medical aid ber				1,274,860 (26,303) (174,509)	,
Balance at end of year				1,074,048	1,274,860
Long service benefits projection for 2016:					
Opening balance				1,127,367	1,301,876
Current service cost Interest costs				218,629 90,689	200,064 107,054
Actuarial (Gain)/loss				-	(454,611)
Expected employer benefit payments				(53,319)	(27,016)
Closing balance				1,383,366	1,127,367
Minus current portion of liability				(138,073)	(53,520)
Closing long term portion of liability			_	1,245,293	1,073,847

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand			2015	2014
16. Provisions				
Reconciliation of provisions - 2015				
		Opening Balance	Additions	Total
Other provisions	-	- Balance	522,237	522,237
Reconciliation of provisions - 2014				
	Opening Balance	Additions	Expenditure incurred	Total
Performance bonus provision	7,512,370	(7,301,661)		-
2015 Explanations				
Provision is made for the write off of SARS VAT amounts that	are not recovera	able:		
Timing differance R2 341.05				
Opening balance VAT Control account R21 000				
Irrecoverable VAT not claimed for February 2010 - R498 895.	47			
17. Retentions				
Opening balance Receipts during the year Payments made during the year			26,503,387 9,658,338 (1,667,195)	24,205,988 20,144,600 (17,847,201
			19,554,531	26,503,387

Retention is a certain percentage that is withheld from payment and is only paid at the end of the defects liability period.

## 18. Unspent conditional grants and receipts

## Unspent conditional grants and receipts comprises of:

Unspent conditional grants and receipts Provincial Treasury - Data Cleansing	3,993,669	1,000,000
Movement during the year		
Balance at the beginning of the year Additions during the year Income recognition during the year	1,000,000 4,688,035 (1,694,366)	- 1,000,000 -
	3,993,669	1,000,000

## **Department: Finance**

This grant was allocated to the District to fund data cleansing projects for Victor Khanye, Emakhazeni and Emalahleni Local Municipalities.

Conditions still to be met and transfered to liabilities.

## 19. Financial instruments disclosure

## **Categories of financial instruments**

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

## 18. Financial instruments disclosure (continued)

## **Financial assets**

	At amortised cost	Total
Long term investments	21,588	21,588
Call investment deposit	444,065,089	444,065,089
Bank balances and Cash	24,971,453	24,971,453
	469,058,130	469,058,130
Financial liabilities		

	At amortised cost	Total
Payables from exchange transactions	20,876,906	20,876,906
Long term liabilites	14,291,573	14,291,573
Finance lease liabilities	244,338	244,338
	35,412,817	35,412,817

## 2014

#### **Financial assets**

	At amortised cost	Total
Long term investments	33,756,425	33,756,425
Other receivables from exchange transactions	42,306	42,306
Call investment deposits	395,570,244	395,570,244
Bank balances and cash	6,212,592	6,212,592
	435,581,567	435,581,567

## **Financial liabilities**

	At amortised cost	Total
Payables from exchange transactions	31,884,015	31,884,015
Long term liabilities	34,533,319	34,533,319
Finance lease liabilities	29,044	29,044
	66,446,378	66,446,378

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

## 20. Interest earned

Interest earned on debtors Sundry debtors Vat debtor	71 1,279,544	174
	1,279,615	174
Interest earned Interest on investments Interest on retention investment Bank	28,830,586 1,782,716 470,545	26,519,636 1,487,664 423,298
	31,083,847	28,430,598
	1,279,615 31,083,847 <b>32,363,462</b>	174 28,430,598 <b>28,430,772</b>

Interest is earned on investments and current account. Money not needed for immediate operational cashflow is invested with various institutions as indicated in note 3.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

## 21. Government grants and subsidies

Municipal systems improvement grant	934,000	890,000
Rural Asset Management Grant	1,950,000	1,602,000
Finance management grant	1,250,000	1,250,000
Expanded public works programme intensive grant	2,121,000	1,000,000
Provincial Data Cleansing Grant	1,694,366	-
	325,966,366	313,592,000

#### Equitable share

In terms of the Constitution, this grant is used to subsidise the provision of basic services to indigent community members.

#### **RSC Levy replacement grant**

In terms of the Division of Revenue Act this grant is used to subsidise the replacement of RSC levies that were abolished from 1 July 2006.

## Municipal systems improvement grant

Current-year receipts	934,000	890,000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(934,000)	(890,000)

## Department: Planning and Development

#### Purpose of Grant:

The municipal systems improvement grant under the vote of the Department of Cooperative Government and Traditional Affairs focuses on stabilising municipal and governance systems, planning and implementation management support centres, reviewing integrated development plans and implementing the Municipal Systems Act (2000)

All conditions of the grant has been met and the grant was never withheld.

#### Finance management grant

Current-year receipts	1,250,000	1,250,000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(1,250,000)	(1,250,000)
	-	-

## Department: Finance

Purpose of Grant:

To promote and support reforms in the financial management by building capacity in municipalities to implement the Municipal Finance Management Act.

All conditions of the grant has been met and the grant was never witheld.

#### Expanded public works programme intensive grant

Current-year receipts	2,121,000	1,000,000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(2,121,000)	(1,000,000)
		-

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
21. Government grants and subsidies (continued)		
Department: Planning and Development Purpose of Grant: All conditions of the grant has been met. Based on the allocations set out in the division of Revenue Act, no significant change in the funding are expected over the forthcomming three financial years	e level of government g	grant
Rural Roads Asset Management Grant		
Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	1,950,000 (1,950,000) -	1,602,000 (1,602,000) -
All conditions of the grant has been met and the grant was never witheld.		
Provincial Data Cleansing Grant		
Balance unspent at beginning of year Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	1,000,000 4,688,035 (1,694,366)	- 1,000,000 -

1,000,000

3,993,669

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 18).

Provide explanations of conditions still to be met and other relevant information.

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Long service awards/ Leave iencashments         2.059 775         2.308.262           Car allowance         130.408         87.478           T3.261.494         55.900.067           Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: MM Skosana (On maternity leave from Aug 2014 to 30 Nov 2014)         Annual remuneration           Annual Remuneration         959.994         443.196           Car allowance         38.810         50.000.007           Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: MM Skosana (On maternity leave from Aug 2014 to 30 Nov 2014)         Annual Remuneration           Car allowance         38.810         50.000           Contributions to Pension, UIF, SDL, Group life & Bargaining council         215,199         106.643           Car Allowance         1.059.779         658,729           Car Allowance         1.059.779         658,729           Car Allowance         1.059.779         658,729           Car Allowance         1.058.778         632.622           Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30 June 2015)         14.448.876         832.622           Annual Remuneration         10.141         -         63.005         -           Car Allowance         10.141         -         -         63.005         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF	Figures in Rand	2015	2014
Contributions to medical aid, pension & UIF 12,080,085 12,483,355 Contribution to post retriement benefit 1,243,745 1,949,055 Overtime payments 2,059,775 2,308,282 Car allowance 2,509,775 2,308,282 Car allowance 2,509,775 2,308,282 Car allowance 3,304,08 87,478 73,261,494 55,900,067 Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: MM Skosana (On maternity leave from Aug 2014 to 30 Nov 2014) Annual remuneration Car allowance 959,994 443,196 Car Allowance 950 Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council 9208,568 173,2893 126,000 - 127,000 - 120,00	22. Employee related costs		
Contributions to medical aid, pension & UIF 12,000,085 12,433,355 Contribution to post retriement benefit 1,243,745 Contribution to provision for performance bonus 2,059,775 2,308,282 Car allowance 2,509,775 2,308,282 Car allowance 2,509,775 2,308,282 Car allowance 3,356,7438 Housing benefits and allowances 13,04,08 87,478 T3,261,494 55,900,067 Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: MM Skosana (On maternity leave from Aug 2014 to 30 Nov 2014) Annual remuneration Car allowance 959,994 443,196 Car allowance 959,994 122,000 - 120,000 -	Salaries and wages	51.434.331	41.415.506
Overtime payments         1,305,539         1,330,634           Contribution to provision for performance bonus         - (7,301,681)           Long service awards/ Leave encashments         2,059,775         2,308,282           Car allowance         130,408         87,478           Namore         130,408         87,478           T3,261,494         55,900,087           Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: MM Skosana (On maternity leave from Aug 2014 to 30 Nov 2014)           Annual remuneration         959,994         443,196           Car allowance         959,993         443,196           Car allowance         1050,003         599,893           Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - AL Stander         1,269,003         120,000           Annual Remuneration         10,657,29         -         -           Car Allowance         10,0529         -         -	Contributions to medical aid, pension & UIF		
Contribution to provision for performance bonus Long service awards/ Leave encashments Long service awards/ Leave encashments Sol007 001 3.567.438 T3.261.494 55,900.067 Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: MM Skosana (On maternity leave from Aug 2014 to 30 Nov 2014) Annual remuneration Car allowance Car allowance Car allowance Car Allowance Car Allowance Car Allowance Car Allowance Car Allowance Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council 208,568 173.893 Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30 June 2015) Annual Remuneration Car Allowance Car Allowa		1,243,745	1,949,055
Long service awards/ Leave encashments         2,059,775         2,308,262           Car allowance         5,007,001         3,567,438           Housing benefits and allowances         130,408         87,478           73,261,494         55,900,067           Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: MM Skosana (On maternity leave from Aug 2014 to 30 Nov 2014)         Annual remuneration           Annual remuneration         959,994         443,196           Car allowance         93,810         50,000           Car allowance         93,810         50,000           Car allowance         93,810         50,000           Car allowance         93,810         50,000           Car Allowance         1,059,779         668,729           Contributions to Pension, IUF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,568         173,893           Car Allowance         10,141         -         60,529           Car Allowance         10,141         -         -		1,305,539	
Car allowance         5,007,001         3,567,438           Housing benefits and allowances         130,408         87,478           T3,261,494         55,900,067           Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: MM Skosana (On maternity leave from Aug 2014 to 30 Nov 2014)         Annual remuneration           Annual remuneration         93,910         50,000,007           Car allowance         93,810         50,000           Car allowance         1,059,779         658,729           Car Allowance         120,000         -           Car Allowance         120,000         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,656         173,883           Annual Remuneration         56,505         -         -           Car Allowance         10,141         -         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -         -           Car Allo			
Housing benefits and allowances         130,408         67,478           73,261,494         55,900,067           Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: MM Skosana (On maternity leave from Aug 2014 to 30 Nov 2014)           Annual remuneration Car allowance         959,994         443,196           Qar allowance         93,810         50,000           Contributions to Pension, UIF, SDL, Group life & Bargaining council         215,199         106,643           Annual Remuneration Car allowance         1,059,779         658,729           Performance Bonuses         60,529         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,568         173,893           Performance Bonuses         60,529         -         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,568         173,893           Annual Remuneration Car Allowance         56,505         -         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical and Pension Funds         -         600,958         -           Car Allowance         -         63,000         - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
73,261,494         65,900,067           Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: MM Skosana (On maternity leave from Aug 2014 to 30 Nov 2014)         Annual remuneration           Car allowance         959,994         443,196           Car allowance         93,810         50,000           Contributions to Pension, UIF, SDL, Group life & Bargaining council         215,199         106,643           Annual Remuneration         1,059,779         658,729           Car Allowance         120,000         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,668         173,893           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,668         173,893           Annual Remuneration         56,505         -           Car Allowance         10,141         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -           Annual Remuneration         56,505         -         -           Car Allowance         -         60,0958         -           Car Allowance         -         63,000         -         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -         -           Annual Remuneration			
Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: MM Skosana (On maternity leave from Aug 2014 to 30 Nov 2014)           Annual remuneration Car allowance         959,994         443,196           Car allowance         93,810         500,000           Car filowance         93,810         500,000           Car Allowance         1,059,779         658,729           Car Allowance         1,059,779         658,729           Performance Bonuses         60,529         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,588         173,893           Annual Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30 June 2015)         4448,876         832,622           Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30 June 2015)         448,876         56,505           Annual Remuneration Car Allowance         10,141         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -           Car Allowance         0,141         -         -           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         600,958         -           Car Allowance         -         63,000         -         7,723           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         63,000	Housing benefits and allowances		-
Annual remuneration         959,994         443,196           Car allowance         93,810         50,003           Contributions to Pension, UIF, SDL, Group life & Bargaining council         1,269,003         599,839           Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - AL Stander         1,059,779         658,729           Car Allowance         1,059,779         658,729           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,568         173,893           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,568         173,893           Annual Remuneration         56,505         -         60,529           Car Allowance         10,141         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -           Annual Remuneration         600,958         -         -           Car Allowance         -         600,958         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         -         600,958         -           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         600,958         -         -           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         551,503         -         -         633,000	Pomunoration of the Municipal Managor: MM Skosana (On maternity leave t		
Car allowance         93.810         550.000           Contributions to Pension, UIF, SDL, Group life & Bargaining council         1,269,003         599,839           Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - AL Stander         1,059,779         658,729           Annual Remuneration         1,059,779         658,729           Car Allowance         120,000         -           Performance Bonuses         00,529         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         1,448,876         832,622           Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30 June 2015)         -         -           Annual Remuneration         56,505         -         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -           Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)         -         -           Annual Remuneration         -         600,958         -           Car Allowance         -         63,000         -         -           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         551,503         -         671,681           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         -         63,000         -         352,154 </td <td>Remuneration of the municipal manager. Min Skosana (On maternity leave</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Remuneration of the municipal manager. Min Skosana (On maternity leave		
Contributions to Pension, UIF, SDL, Group life & Bargaining council         215,199         106,643           1,269,003         599,839           Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - AL Stander         1,059,779         658,729           Annual Remuneration         1,059,779         658,729           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,568         173,893           Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30 June 2015)         1,448,876         832,622           Remuneration Car Allowance         56,505         -         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         79,835         -           Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)         -         600,958           Annual Remuneration Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         671,681           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         651,503           Annual Remuneration Car Allowance         -         652,504         -           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         651,503         -           Car Allowance         -         651,503 <t< td=""><td></td><td> ,</td><td>-,</td></t<>		,	-,
1,269,003       599,839         Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - AL Stander       1,059,779       658,729         Annual Remuneration       1,059,779       658,729         Car Allowance       120,000       -         Performance Bonuses       60,529       -         Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council       208,568       173,893         Annual Remuneration       56,505       -         Car Allowance       10,141       -         Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council       13,189       -         Annual Remuneration       56,505       -         Car Allowance       10,141       -         Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council       13,189       -         Annual Remuneration       -       600,958       -         Car Allowance       -       63,000       -       7,723         Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)       -       -       651,503         Annual Remuneration       -       -       63,000       -       352,154         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       -       651,503       -       632,054       -       352,154			
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - AL Stander         Annual Remuneration       1,059,779       658,729         Car Allowance       120,000       -         Performance Bonuses       208,568       173,893         Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council       208,568       173,893         Annual Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30 June 2015)       Annual Remuneration       56,505       -         Car Allowance       10,141       -       -       79,835       -         Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)       -       600,958       -       63,000         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       671,681       -       651,002       -       77,723         Annual Remuneration       -       63,000       -       77,723       -       671,681         Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)       -       -       551,503       -       -       63,000       -       352,154       -       -       671,681       -       977,283       -       977,283       -       977,283       -       977,283       -       977,283       -       977,283       -       977,283       -	Contributions to Pension, UIF, SDL, Group life & Bargaining council	215,199	106,643
Annual Remuneration       1,059,779       658,729         Car Allowance       120,000       -         Performance Bonuses       208,568       173,893         Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council       208,568       173,893         Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30 June 2015)       1,448,876       832,622         Annual Remuneration       56,505       -       10,141       -         Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council       13,189       -       10,141       -         Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council       13,189       -       600,958       -         Car Allowance       1,319       -       600,958       -       63,000       -       7,723       -       671,681         Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)       -       551,503       -       63,000       -       352,154       -       63,000       -       352,154       -       63,000       -       63,000       -       551,503       -       -       63,000       -       63,000       -       352,154       -       63,000       -       551,503       -       -       671,681       -       <		1,269,003	599,839
Car Allowance         120,000         -           Performance Bonuses         00,529         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,568         173,893           Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30 June 2015)         -         -           Annual Remuneration         56,505         -         -           Car Allowance         10,141         -         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -           Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)         -         -           Annual Remuneration         -         600,958         -           Car Allowance         -         600,958         -         -           Car Allowance         -         600,958         -         -         671,681           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         -         671,681           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         -         63,000           Car Allowance         -         551,503         -         -         63,000           Car Allowance         -         551,503         - <t< td=""><td>Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - AL Stander</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - AL Stander		
Car Allowance         120.000         -           Performance Bonuses         60,529         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,568         173,893           Annual Remuneration         56,505         -           Car Allowance         10,141         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -           Annual Remuneration         56,505         -           Car Allowance         10,141         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -           Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)         -         600,958           Annual Remuneration         -         600,958         -           Car Allowance         -         671,681         -           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         -         63,000           Annual Remuneration         -         551,503         -         -         63,000           Car Allowance         -         551,503         -         -         63,000         -         352,154         -         977,283           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pe	Annual Remuneration	1,059,779	658,729
Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council         208,568         173,893           I,448,876         832,622           Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30 June 2015)         56,505         -           Annual Remuneration Car Allowance         56,505         -         10,141         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -         -           Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)         -         600,958         -           Annual Remuneration Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         600,958         -         63,000           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         671,681         -         63,000           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         671,681         -         63,000         -         352,154           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         551,503         -         63,000         -         352,154           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         551,503         -         63,000         -         352,154           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         551,503         -<	Car Allowance		-
Image: 1,448,876         832,622           Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30 June 2015)         Annual Remuneration         56,505         -           Car Allowance         10,141         -         10,141         -           Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council         13,189         -         79,835         -           Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)         -         600,958         -         63,000           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         600,958         -         671,681           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         671,681         -           Annual Remuneration Car Allowance         -         63,000         -         63,000           Car Allowance         -         63,000         -         671,681           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         671,681           Annual Remuneration Car Allowance         -         63,000         -         352,154           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         977,283         -         977,283           Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)         -         977,89		60,529	-
Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30 June 2015)         Annual Remuneration       56,505         Car Allowance       10,141         Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council       13,189         Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)       79,835         Annual Remuneration       -         Car Allowance       -         Car Allowance       -         Car Allowance       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -         Annual Remuneration       -         Car Allowance       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -         Annual Remuneration       -         Car Allowance       -         Annual Remuneration       -         Car Allowance       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -         Atlowance       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -         Remuneration       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -         Particular Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)       -         Annual Remuneration       673,898       690,788         Actin	Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL, Group life and Bargaining council	208,568	173,893
Annual Remuneration       56,505         Car Allowance       10,141         Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council       13,189         Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)       79,835         Annual Remuneration       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -         Annual Remuneration       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -         Annual Remuneration       -         Car Allowance       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -         Car Allowance       -         Car Allowance       -         Car Allowance       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -         III,626       -         III,626       -         IIII,829       -         Annual Remuneration       673,898         Acting allowance       39,139 <td></td> <td>1,448,876</td> <td>832,622</td>		1,448,876	832,622
Car Allowance       10,141       -         Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council       13,189       -         Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)       79,835       -         Annual Remuneration       -       600,958         Car Allowance       -       63,000         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       77,723         -       671,681         Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)       -       671,681         Annual Remuneration       -       551,503       -         Car Allowance       -       63,000       -         Annual Remuneration       -       551,503       -         Car Allowance       -       63,000       -       352,154         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       977,283       -       977,283         Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)       -       977,898       690,788         Acting allowance       39,139       -       -       -       75,000       180,000	Remuneration of Manager Corporate Services - HK Masango (8 June to 30	June 2015)	
Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council       13,189       -         Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)       -       600,958         Annual Remuneration       -       63,000         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       671,681         Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)       -       671,681         Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)       -       63,000         Annual Remuneration       -       551,503       -         Car Allowance       -       63,000       -         Annual Remuneration       -       551,503       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       10,626       -         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       977,283       -         Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)       -       977,883         Annual Remuneration       673,898       690,788       39,139       -         Acting allowance       39,139       -       39,139       -         Car Allowance       39,139       -       39,139       -         Car Allowance       39,139       -       180,000	Annual Remuneration	56,505	-
Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)         79,835         -           Annual Remuneration Car Allowance         -         600,958         -         63,000           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         7,723         -         671,681           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         671,681         -         63,000           Annual Remuneration Car Allowance         -         551,503         -         63,000           Acting Allowance         -         63,000         -         63,000           Acting Allowance         -         63,000         -         63,000           Acting Allowance         -         352,154         -         10,626           -         10,626         -         977,283           Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)         -         977,283           Annual Remuneration Acting allowance         673,898         690,788         39,139         -           Car Allowance         39,139         -         75,000         180,000	Car Allowance		-
Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)         Annual Remuneration       -       600,958         Car Allowance       -       63,000         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       7,723         Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)       -       671,681         Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)       -       651,503         Annual Remuneration       -       551,503         Car Allowance       -       63,000         Acting Allowance       -       63,000         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       10,626         Hemuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)       -       977,283         Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)       -       673,898       690,788         Acting allowance       39,139       -       -       75,000       180,000	Contributions to Pension, Medical, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council	13,189	-
Annual Remuneration       -       600,958         Car Allowance       -       63,000         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       7,723         Image: Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)       -       671,681         Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)       -       651,503         Annual Remuneration       -       551,503         Car Allowance       -       63,000         Acting Allowance       -       63,000         Acting Allowance       -       352,154         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       10,626         -       977,283       -         Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)       -         Annual Remuneration       673,898       690,788         Acting allowance       39,139       -         Car Allowance       75,000       180,000		79,835	-
Car Allowance         -         63,000           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         7,723           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         671,681           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         63,000           Annual Remuneration         -         551,503           Car Allowance         -         63,000           Acting Allowance         -         63,000           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         10,626           -         977,283           Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)         -           Annual Remuneration         673,898         690,788           Acting allowance         39,139         -           Car Allowance         75,000         180,000	Manager Corporate Services: Z Mcineka (1 July 2013 to 31 Jan 2014)		
Car Allowance         -         63,000           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         7,723           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         671,681           Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)         -         63,000           Annual Remuneration         -         551,503           Car Allowance         -         63,000           Acting Allowance         -         63,000           Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds         -         10,626           -         977,283           Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)         -           Annual Remuneration         673,898         690,788           Acting allowance         39,139         -           Car Allowance         75,000         180,000	Annual Remuneration	<u>-</u>	600 958
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       7,723         Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)       -       671,681         Annual Remuneration       -       551,503         Car Allowance       -       63,000         Acting Allowance       -       352,154         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       10,626         Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)         Annual Remuneration       673,898       690,788         Acting allowance       39,139       -         Car Allowance       75,000       180,000		-	
Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)       -       551,503         Annual Remuneration       -       63,000         Car Allowance       -       352,154         Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds       -       10,626         -         Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)         Annual Remuneration       673,898       690,788         Acting allowance       39,139       -         Car Allowance       75,000       180,000		-	
Annual Remuneration-551,503Car Allowance-63,000Acting Allowance-352,154Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds-10,626-977,283Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)Annual Remuneration673,898690,788Acting allowance39,139-Car Allowance75,000180,000			671,681
Car Allowance Acting Allowance-63,000 352,154Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds-10,626-977,283Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)Annual Remuneration Acting allowance Car Allowance673,898 39,139 - 75,000690,788 39,139	Manager Technical Services AG Zimbwa (1 July 2013 to 31 January 2014)		
Car Allowance Acting Allowance-63,000 352,154Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds-10,626-977,283Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)Annual Remuneration Acting allowance Car Allowance673,898 39,139 - 75,000690,788 39,139			
Acting Allowance Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds-352,154 10,626Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)-977,283Annual Remuneration Acting allowance Car Allowance673,898 39,139690,788 39,139		-	
Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds-10,626-977,283Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)673,898690,788Annual Remuneration Acting allowance Car Allowance673,898690,78839,13975,000180,000		-	
-977,283Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2014)Annual Remuneration673,898690,788Acting allowance39,139-Car Allowance75,000180,000		-	
Annual Remuneration       673,898       690,788         Acting allowance       39,139       -         Car Allowance       75,000       180,000			
Acting allowance         39,139         -           Car Allowance         75,000         180,000	Remuneration of Manager Social Services - EM Tshabalala (July to 30 Nov 2	2014)	
Acting allowance         39,139         -           Car Allowance         75,000         180,000	Annual Romunoration	672 000	600 700
Car Allowance 75,000 180,000			090,788
			- 180.000
	Performance Bonuses		1,863

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
22. Employee related costs (continued)		
Contributions to Pension, UIF, SDL and Bargaining council	54,895	94,125
_	842,932	966,776
Acting Manager Technical Services: FR Ntekele (1 Sept to 31 May 2015)		
Acting allowance	16,416	-
Acting Manager Corporate Services: L Mohlala (Vacant 01 Sept 2014 to 31 May 2015)		
Acting allowance	10,406	-
Acting Manager Social Services: V Mahlangu (01 December 2014 to 28 February 2015)		
Acting allowance	44,541	-
Acting Manager Social Services: L Malatjie ( 01 March 2015 to 30 June 2015)		
Acting allowance	24,340	-

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

## 23. Remuneration of Councillors

Councillors Allowances	11,711,095	10,228,132
Councillors' pension contribution	848,902	1,107,032
Councillors' medical and other contributions	131,040	262,983
	12,691,037	11,598,147

#### In-kind benefits

The Executive Mayor, Speaker and Mayoral Committee Members are full-time. Each is provided with an office and secretarial support at the cost of the Council.

The Mayor and the Speaker each have the use of separate Council owned vehicles for official duties.

The Executive Mayor has one full-time bodyguard.

## **Executive Mayor: CIr TD Ngwenya**

Annual Remuneration	584,158	17,518
Car Allowance	225,060	6,870
Cell/Mobile data allowance	25,251	816
Contributions to medical and pension funds	98,308	3,314
	932,777	28,518
Executive Mayor: Clr SK Mashilo (01 July 2013 to 05 June 2014)		
Annual Remuneration	-	489,188
Car Allowance	-	192,221
Cell/Mobile data allowance	-	22,820
Contributions to medical and pension funds	-	85,363
	-	789,592
Speaker: Cir TM Letlaka (1 Feb 2015 to 30 June 2015)		
Annual Remuneration	195,571	-
Car Allowance	78,231	-
Cell/Mobile data allowance	10,195	-
Contributions to medical and pension funds	42,167	-
	326,164	-
Speaker Clr BA Nkwanyana (1 July 2014 to 3 January 2015)		
Annual Remuneration	248,419	418,376
Car Allowance	96,180	164,879
Cell/Mobile data allowance	14,273	24,468
Contributions to medical and pension funds	46,429	74,195
	405,301	681,918
Council Whip: Clr TM Letlaka (1 July 2014 to 31 January 2015)		
Annual Remuneration	181,384	376,388
Car Allowance	90,167	154,572
Cell/Mobile data allowance	14,273	24,468
Contributions to medical and pension funds	95,631	85,398
	381,455	640,826

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
23. Remuneration of Councillors (continued)		
Council Whip: Clr ZB Mdluli (1 Feb 2015 to 30 June 2015)		
Annual Remuneration Car Allowance Cell/Mobile data allowance Contributions to medical and pension funds	213,498 70,433 10,195 31,714	- - -
	325,840	-
Mayoral Committee members (6)		
Annual Remuneration Car Allowance Cell/Mobile data allowance Contributions to medical and pension funds	2,715,203 982,306 146,808 530,436	2,244,207 906,536 146,319 505,862
	4,374,753	3,802,924
Other Councillors (49)		
Annual Remuneration Car allowance Cell/Mobile data allowance Contributions to medical and pension funds	2,597,420 1,025,319 292,561 441,986	3,437,613 389,449 1,313,159 542,666
	4,357,286	5,682,887
24. Finance costs		
Finance leases Long term liabilities Other interest paid	17,889 3,193,529 1,279,521	21,039 4,534,888 890,751
	4,490,939	5,446,678
25. Grants and subsidies paid		
Other subsidies		
General (Cross boundry projects that can not be allocated to a specific municipality) Victor Khanye Dr JS Moroka Emalahleni Steve Tswhete Emakhazeni Thembisile Hani	37,293,612 10,766,501 25,886,592 42,340,044 5,345,485 9,300,304 30,997,915	1,232,017 12,957,765 27,592,369 72,140,765 39,843,477 25,346,963 59,665,342
Grants paid to ME's	161,930,453	238,778,698
Grants paid to ME's Other subsidies	- 161,930,453	- 238,778,698

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

## 26. General expenses

Auditors remuneration	3,280,441	2,946,563
Office cleaning & gardening	1,453,887	1,185,790
Consultant fees	972,149	1,271,048
Legal fees	3,172,064	1,060,683
Entertainment costs	801,321	1,261,437
Cleaning and gardening	2,198,926	3,740,535
Information Technology	4,005,611	9,396,579
Bursaries awarded	1,640,264	748,077
Printing and stationery	2,876,136	1,771,459
Laboratory tests	1,088,100	873,515
Security (Guarding of municipal property)	1,653,232	1,341,765
Township establishment	280,000	2,104,648
Subscriptions and membership fees	1,544,350	1,773,102
Telephone and fax	2,353,784	1,929,311
Travel and accommodation	4,679,867	4,901,061
Municipal account	2,042,465	1,875,510
Tourism development	3,322,582	1,090,545
Thembisile Roads	8,368,712	20,651,197
Sundry Expenditure	13,835,419	14,398,578
Disaster Management	1,086,966	489,190
EWP	2,106,825	-
Planning	329,556	7,741,593
Capacity building and Training	3,789,335	4,089,745
	66,881,992	86,641,931
27. Cash generated from (used in) operations		
Surplus (deficit)	32,792,371	(73,371,585)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	7,910,269	8,312,338
(Gain)/Loss on sale of assets and liabilities	29,578	6,941,589
Movements in employee benefit - non current	933,017	3,262,067
Movements in provisions/employee benefits - current	529,160	(7,963,998)
Donated assets	(526,774)	-
Changes in working capital:		
Inventories	43,628,251	20,924,923
VAT Receivable	7,171,670	(1,281,155)
Receivables from exchange transactions	20,717	57,596
Payables from exchange transactions	(14,962,297)	9,989,781
	77,525,962	(33,128,444)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

## 28. Contingent Liabilities

## Litigation against the municipality

North West Development Cooperation	75,248	75,248
Thecon Projects CC	900,000	900,000
Turfmaster	207,067	207,067
Bakone Power CC	734,240	734,240
TC Makola	2,000,000	2,000,000
Khanda Seating (PTY) LTD	286,787	286,787
Pipe Jack Gauteng	1,898,455	1,898,455
JI Bolton	500,000	-
	6,601,797	6,101,797

## Litigation against the municipality

Except for the guarantees held in lieu of retentions disclosed in note 17 the only other contingent liabilities are listed above

#### Contingent assets

Council does not have any contingent assets.

#### 29. Related parties

Other than the related parties included in note 25 the municipality do not have any other related parties.

No transactions occured with related parties that were not at arm's length or not in the ordinary course of business.

## Business with close family members

Agreements in service of state

The municipality entered into agreements with service providers who made declarations that close family members in service of the state. The municipality considers the transactions to be at an arms length and in the ordinary course of business.

## 30. Prior period errors

1 .During 2012/13 and 2013/14 certain assets should have been recorded as disposed because they were lost or damaged and claimed from the insurance or recovered from the relevant officials.

2. During 2012/13 an error accurred where a transaction was duplicated and resulted in the overstatement of creditors and VAT debtor.

3. It was discovered that the disclosure of the actuarial gains/losses was not disclosed fully in terms of GRAP 25 the error was corrected.

The correction of the error(s) results in adjustments as follows:

2,454,901 4,772,674

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

## 30. Prior period errors (continued)

Description	Nett book value: Property, plant & equipment	Receivable: VAT	Payables: Trade Creditors		Accumulated surplus - 2015
Amount stated prior year	98,605,958	23,554,659	32,432,864	(73,355,481)	689,221,094
Correction: PPE	(39,680)	-	-	3,024	3,024
Additional loss	-	-	-	(13,173)	(13,173)
Correction income	-	-	-	(5,955)	(5,955)
Overstatement of depreciation	-	-	-	-	423
Overstated income	-	-	-	-	(74,726)
Understated loss	-	-	-	-	(1,353)
Understated profit on disposal of asset	-	-	-	-	52,081
Overstated General expenditure	-	(67,402)	(548,848)	-	481,446
Deficit stated 2014	-	-	-	-	(73,355,481)
	98,566,278	23,487,257	31,884,016	(73,371,585)	616,307,380

#### 31. Risk management

## **Financial risk management**

The municipality's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk.

The municipality's risk management policies are established and analyse the risks faced by the municipality, to set up limits and controls to monitor risks and adherence to limits. The risk management policy is reviewed annually and a risk assessment is performed annually and monitored regularly to effect changes in the municipality's activities and risk profile.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

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#### 31. Risk management (continued)

#### Liquidity risk

The municipality's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The municipality manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

The table below analyses the municipality's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

#### Finance lease liabilites

The table below analyses the municipality's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

At 30 June 2015	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
Trade payables from exchange transactions	20,876,906	-	-	-
Long term liabilities	3,493,835	3,085,068	7,712,670	-
Finance lease liabilities	244,338	267,922	217,780	-
At 30 June 2014	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
Payables from exchange transactions	31,884,015	-	-	-
Long term liabilities	6,629,486	6,511,104	19,850,195	1,542,534

29.044

## Credit risk

Finance lease liabilities

Credit risk consists mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents and receivables. The municipality only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing and limits exposure to any one counter-party.

Receivables comprise a widespread customer base. Management evaluated credit risk relating to customers on an ongoing basis. If customers are independently rated, these ratings are used. Otherwise, if there is no independent rating, risk control assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the council.

Nkangala district Municipality manages its credit risk in its borrowing and investing activities by dealing with A+ rated financial institutions and by spreading its exposure over a wide range of financial institutions in accordance with the approved cash and investment policy of Council.

Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year end were as follows:

Financial instrument	2015	2014
Other receivables from exchange transactions	21,588	42,306
Call investment deposits	444,065,089	395,570,244
Bank balances and cash	24,971,453	6,212,592
Long term investments	-	33,756,425

#### Market risk

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

## 31. Risk management (continued)

#### Interest rate risk

SALGA

Nkangala District Municipality is exposed to interest rate risk on one of its long term borrowings, namely the development bank of South Africa loan conditions set on 6 months JIBAR - 2%. there is no risk on the long term borowing with INCA as it is at a fixed rate.

Nkangala District Municipality has a long term investment in the form of a promisory note The municipality's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the municipality to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the municipality to fair value interest rate risk.

#### 32. Events after the reporting date

The accounting officer is not aware of any matter or event arising since the end of the reporting period and the date of this report, which will significantly affect the financial position and results of the municipality's operations, except for the arbitration award to the former municipal manager of R1 560 000.

#### 33. Additional disclosure in terms of Municipal Finance Management Act

UNE ON THE OWNER OF		
Current year subscription / fee Amount paid - current year	1,544,350 (1,544,350)	1,773,102 (1,773,102)
	-	-
Audit fees		
Current year subscription / fee Amount paid - current year	3,280,441 (3,280,441)	2,946,563 (2,946,563)
	-	-
PAYE and UIF		
Current year subscription / fee	13,435,237	12,645,765
Amount paid - current year	(13,435,237)	(12,645,765)
	-	-
Pension and medical aid deductions		
Current year subscription / fee	18,862,297	15,787,269
Amount paid - current year	(18,862,297)	(15,787,269)
	-	-
νατ		
VAT receivable	16,315,586	23,487,257
VAT output payables and VAT input receivables are shown in note 6.		

All VAT returns have been submitted by the due date throughout the year.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014

## 34. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Opening balance	-	67,590
Add: Fruitless and wastefull current year	1,544	1,027
Less: Amounts determined as irrecoverable	-	(68,617)
	1,544	-

Accomodation was booked for two advocates to represent NDM at a CCMA case in Southern Sun - The Ridge Hotel. The advocates did not show up and the hotel charged a no show fee of R1,544 for the rooms not taken up. The matter will be referred to Council Committee for investigation.

#### 35. Irregular expenditure

Opening balance	10,567,103	56,000
Add: Irregular Expenditure - current year (see Annexure for details)	11,767,936	13,336,642
Less: Amounts written off by Council	(8,078,299)	(2,825,539)
	14,256,740	10,567,103

The above irregular expenditure which relates to the 2013/14 financial year were raised by the Auditor General in the current financial year. The municipality did not have the system to verify the direcotrs in the service of the state and as such were included in the 2013/14 financial year's register of irregular expenditure. Expenditures are now referred to the Blacklisting committee and Council committee for investigation.

In 2014/15 financial year the municipality made payments to the contracts awarded to the companies whose directors are in the service of the state. The awards were made in the 2013/14 financial year and were raised by the Auditor General. Council resolved to write off irregular expenditure as irrecoverable.

Council resolved in 2014/15 to write off R8,078,299 irregular expenditure and R14,256,740 is still under investigation.

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

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gu oogu oogu oo	2014

## 35. Irregular expenditure (continued)

Details of irregular expenditure

### Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

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2014

NO	Date of	Date reported to				ansaction details	
	discovery	the Accounting Officer	Service Provider	Date of payment	2014/15 amount	2013/14 Amount	Description of incident
1	2014-12-01	2015-01-01	Ulwazi Security Services		440,186		Security services extended above the threshold allowed by section 76.2.3 of the NDMSCM policy
2	2015-01-07	2015-02-01	Bampanane General Trading		111,878		Cleaning services extended above the threshold allowed by section 76.2.3 of the NDMSCM policy
	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	Masikhuleni Business Enterprise		37,496		Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
3	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	Sabinet Online		37,496	39,216	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
4	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	Sisonke		2,334,167	1,298,719	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
5	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	Wenzekuhle Maintainance Services		3,838,941	878,104	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
6	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	SMEC		3,726,473	1,269,481	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
7	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	Gendinyoni Trading		-	21,250	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
8	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	Nsizwazimele Trading and Projects		-	29,940	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
9	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	Bapedi Consulting Engineers		755,102	660,140	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
10	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	Onvante Catering and Projects		-	52,000	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
11	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	Quegedo Trading		-	72,375	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
12	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	Chillos Transport Services		-	20,000	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
13	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	Key Spirit Trading 218 CC		-	2,639,691	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
14	2014-11-30		Langamed EMERGENCY Management		-	610	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
15	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	NaGembe Construction		-		Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
16			Fairways Trading		-		Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
17	2014-11-30		Muhlebuyi Construction and Projects		-	16,000	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
18	2014-11-30		Kwinana Equifin		486,197	-	
19	2014-11-30	2014-11-30	Tshepo Legodi		-	1,078,908	Supplier allegedly made a false declaration on MBD FORM
			TOTAL IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE		11,767,936	13,336,642	

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
36. Revenue		
Rental of facilities and equipment	89,466	86,454
Miscellaneous other revenue	460,630	518,995
Interest on arrears amounts	1,279,615	174
Interest received - investment	31,083,847	28,430,598
Government grants & subsidies	325,966,366	313,592,000
Public contributions and donations	5,563,200	60,000
Donation of assets	526,774	-
Sundry income	1,769,559	1,843,386
	366,739,457	344,531,607
The amount included in revenue arising from exchanges of goods or services are as follows:		
Rental of facilities and equipment	89,466	86,454
Miscellaneous other revenue	460,630	518,995
Interest arrears amounts	1,279,615	174
Interest received - investment	31,083,847	28,430,598
	32,913,558	29,036,221
The amount included in revenue arising from non-exchange transactions is as follows:		
Transfer revenue	225 066 266	212 502 000
Government grants & subsidies Public contributions and donations	325,966,366 5,563,200	313,592,000
Public contributions and donations		60,000
Denotions	E06 774	
Donations	526,774	-
Donations Sundry income	1,769,559	- 1,843,386
	-	۔ 1,843,386 <b>315,495,386</b>
	1,769,559	
Sundry income	1,769,559	

7,910,270

8,312,338

### Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
38. Commitments		
Authorised capital expenditure		
<ul> <li>Contracted and authorised by accounting officer</li> <li>Dr JS Moroka Fire Station</li> <li>Thembisile Hani Fire Station</li> </ul>	17,164,084	26,217,024 4,179,151
	17,164,084	30,396,175
Total capital commitments Contracted and authorised by accounting officer	17,164,084	30,396,175
Authorised operational expenditure		
<ul> <li>Contracted and authorised by the accounting officer</li> <li>Victor Khanye</li> <li>Dr J S Moroka</li> <li>Emalahleni</li> <li>Steve Tshwete</li> <li>Emakhazeni</li> <li>Thembisile Hani</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>	173,759 9,315,159 20,374,773 6,433,113 34,132,439 8,359,469 13,404,765 <b>92,193,477</b>	10,196,041 8,486,012 15,120,000 18,843,921 10,276,864 14,157,904 11,628,043 <b>88,708,785</b>
Total operational commitments Contracted and authorised by the accounting officer	92,193,477	88,708,785
Total commitments		20,100,100
Authorised capital expenditure Authorised operational expenditure	17,164,084 92,193,477	30,396,175 88,708,785
	109,357,561	119,104,960

The district municipality entered into contracts with service providers to constructs projects, which will subsequently be transferred to local municipalities on construction completion.

### 39. Going concern

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

## Nkangala District Municipality

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

### Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

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#### 40. Deviation from supply chain management regulations

Paragraph 12(1)(d)(i) of Government gazette No. 27636 issued on 30 May 2005 states that a supply chain management policy must provide for the procurement of goods and services by way of a competitive bidding process.

Paragraph 36 of the same gazette states that the accounting officer may dispense with the official procurement process in certain circumstances, provided that he records the reasons for any deviations and reports them to the next meeting of the accounting officer and includes a note to the annual financial statements.

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

## Figures in Pand

igur	es in Rand						2015	2014
	PAYMENT							
NO.	DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES REQUIRED	REQUESTING DEPARTMENT	APPROVED SERVICE PROVIDER	VALUE OF PROJECT / SERVICES / GOODS	REASONS FOR DEVIATION	DATE OF DECISION	DECISION	
1	RADIO BROADCAST(SODA)	PUBLIC LIASON	IKWEKWEZI FM	R 10,157.40	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER	09-Jul-14	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDE	
2	GREAT TRAIN RACE PARTICIPATION	SOCIAL SERVICES	GTR FOR CHARITY	R 11,620.00	THE SERVICE PROVIDER IS THE ONLY ORGANIZATION RESPONSIBLE FOR THE GREAT TRAIN RACE, HENCE IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO OBTAIN OTHER QUOTATIONS	04-Aug-14	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM / SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDE	
3	DECORATION AT THE INAUGURATION OF THE EXECUTIVE	MAYOR'S OFFICE	DREAM WORX	R 10,533.00	ADDITIONAL WORKS WHICH THE SERVICE PROVIDER HAD TO DO WHICH WERE NOT INCLUDED IN THE INITIAL SCOPE (VARIATION ORDER)	08-Aug-14	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES	
4	VARIOUS AND PLUMBING FAULTS	SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT UNIT	HENCOR ELEKTRIES	R 12,875.44	EMERGENCY CALL OUT AND FIXING OF IDENTIFIED FAULTS	15-Aug-14	REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE - OI STRIP AND QUOTE	
5	ONLINE BACK-UP SOLUTION	ICT UNIT	ITNA	R 222,882.00	THE SERVICE PROVIDER IS CURRENTLY PROVIDING THE SAME SOLUTION FOR NDM FINANCIAL SYSTEM	10-Sep-14	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES	
6	ALTERATIONS OF OFFICE IN THE FINANCE SECTION	FINANCE	KOROTLA TRADING	R 26,690.00	VARIATION OF CONTRACT REQUEST	17-Sep-14	REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE - OI STRIP AND QUOTE	
7	LUXURY COUCH FOR THE NDM TORISM TOUR	LED	MPHAKATHI TRANSPORT	R 40,280.00	URGENT REQUEST AFTER 2 UNSUCCESSFUL ADVERTIMENTS	18-Sep-14	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES	
8	REGISTRATION FEE FOR SA PLANNING INSTITUTE CONFERENCE	DPU	SAPI	R 12,400.00	REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER CONDUCTING THE TRAINING	23-Sep-14	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDE	
9	EMERGENCY SERVICES FOR PLUMBING TO INVESTIGATE AND RESTORE WATER SUPPLY BLOCK H AND COUNCIL CHAMBER	CORPORATE SERVICES	LETHUKUKHANYA CONSTRUCTION	R 10,620.00	URGENT REQUEST OF AN EMERGENCY SITUATION. STRIP AND QUOTE	23-Sep-14		
10	RENEWAL OF SUBSCRIPTION FEE FOR SABINET ONLINE	CORPORATE SERVICES	SABINET ONLINE LTD	R 37,496.00	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE DATABASE SYSTEM THAT RENDER SUCH SERVICES	26-Sep-14	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDE	
11	REPLACEMENT OF A BURST GEYSER	CORPORATE SERVICES	DREAMFINDERS TRADING AND PROJECTS	R 2,970.00	URGENT REQUEST OF AN EMERGENCY SITUATION. STRIP AND QUOTE	30-Sep-14	REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE - OI STRIP AND QUOTE	

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

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12	AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT GOVERNANCE LEKGOTLA 2012	SOCIAL SERVICES	NACA	R 6,840.00	REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER CONDUCTING THE TRAINING. SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER	02-Oct-14	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER
13	MUNSOFT WORKSHOP	FINANCE	MUNSOFT	R 27,200.00	REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER CONDUCTING THE TRAINING. SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER	20-Oct-14	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER
14	ADVERTISEMENT OF SECTION 56 MANAGER'S POSITION	CORPORATE SERVICES	BASADZI PERSONNEL	R 78,591.60	URGENT REQUEST TO FILL KEY SENIOR MANAGER POSITION	07-Nov-14	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
15	MARKETING AND ADVERTISING NKANGALA DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY EXPO 2014	LED	VITRO VIAN	R 175,438.60	SOLE PROVIDER FOR THE EVENT	11-Nov-14	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER
16	ONCE-OFF REPAIR AND SERVICING OF	TECHNICAL SERVICES	BELL		MANUFACTURER OF THE MACHINES	11-Nov-14	SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER IN NDM
	PLANTS TLHM	JERVICEO	TLB 315SJ 4X4 - FDV720MP	R 15,444.12			DATABASE
			TLB 315SJ 4X4 - FVX817MP	R 15,444.12			
			TLB 315SJ 4X4 - FVX819MP	R 15,444.12			
			TLB 315SJ 4X4 - FVX821MP	R 15,444.12			
			DOZER 700J - PE6068L038103	R 18,912.78			
			DOZER 700J - PE6068L042956	R 18,912.78			
17	TRANSCRIPTIONS OF CCMA HEARING	CORPORATE SERVICES	TOP TRANSCRIPTIONS T/A HR ELEMENTS	R 8,957.20	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE THAT CAN RENDER SUCH SERVICES	13-Nov-14	SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER IN NDM DATABASE
18	SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETER	TRANSVERSAL UNIT	DEAFSA	R 14,706.00	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE THAT CAN RENDER SUCH SERVICES	19-Nov-14	SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER IN NDM DATABASE
19	SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETER	DPU	DEAFSA	R 5,073.00	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE THAT CAN RENDER SUCH SERVICES	24-Nov-14	SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER IN NDM DATABASE
20	RADIO BROADCAST	PUBLIC	EMALAHLENI FM	R 25,500.00	ONLY REGISTERED	24-Nov-14	SERVICES ARE
	MAYORAL GAMES	LIASON	IKWEKWEZI FM	R 13,006.50	SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE		AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE
			R 8,487.00		THAT CAN RENDER		SERVICE PROVIDER
04		TEOLINICAL	GMFM	R 17,880.00	SUCH SERVICES	05 N 41	
21	SERVICING OF A JCB MACHINE	TECHNICAL SERVICES	KEMACH EQUIPMENT	R 16,290.53	MANUFACTURER OF THE MACHINE	25-Nov-14	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER
22	REPAIR OF LEAKING WATER	CORPORATE SERVICES	LETHUKUKHANYA CONSTRUCTION	R 18,680.64	URGENT REQUEST OF AN EMERGENCY SITUATION	15-Dec-14	EMERGENCY

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

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23	SUPPLY AND DELIVERY OF DIESEL FOR THE ELECTRIC BACK-UP GENERATOR FOR NDM	TECHNICAL SERVICES	MP-JA TRADING ENTERPRISE	R 47,550.00	CALL-OUT BASIS	19-Dec-14	REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE - ON STRIP AND QUOTE
24	ACCOMODATION FOR STRATEGIC LEKGOTLA	DPU	KOPANONG HOTEL & CONFERENCE	R 225,445.00	ACCOMODATION ABOVE R200 000.00 WHICH DID NOT GIVE SUFFICIENT TO ADVERTISE THROUGH TENDER	12-Jan-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
25	REGISTRATION FEE FOR SPORTS DEVELOPMENT INDABA IN CAPE TOWN 30 - 31 JANUARY 2015	SOCIAL SERVICES	TARANIS CO ADVISORY CC	R 9,000.00	REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER CONDUCTING THE TRAINING	28-Jan-15	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER
26	CPMD TRAINING FOR JE NKOSI	CORPORATE SERVICES	WITS BUSINESS SCHOOL	R 48,500.00	SERVICE PROVIDER PREFERRED FOR THE CONTENT AND IN DEPTH ANALYSIS	28-Jan-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
27	ACCOMODATION	MUNICIPAL MANAGER'S OFFICE FOR 2- 4 FEBRUARY 2015	PEERMONT GLOBAL SOUTHERN HIGHVELD T/A WALLMONT AT GRACELAND	R 3,120.00	REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER THAT HAS PARALEGIC ROOMS	28-Jan-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
28	ANNUAL RENEWAL OF SUBSCRIPTION OF LIBRARY BOOKS	CORPORATE SERVICES	LEXISNEXIS	R 17,132.02	REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER THAT CAN RENDER SUCH SERVICES	29-Jan-15	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER
29	ACCOMODATION FOR PROVINCIAL STRATEGIC LEKGOTLA 14 - 16 FEB 2015 SKUKUZA	MUNICIPAL MANAGER'S OFFICE	PROTEA HOTEL KRUGER GATE	R 4,257.36	REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER THAT HAS PARALEGIC ROOMS	05-Feb-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
30	ACCOMODATION FOR STRATEGIC LEKGOTLA	DPU	KOPANONG HOTEL & CONFERENCE	R 24,183.00	ADDITIONAL OFFICIALS THAT WERE NOT INCLUDED ON THE INITIAL REQUEST	09-Feb-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
31	ACCOMODATION FOR PREPARATORY MEETING FOR PROVINCIAL LEKGOTLA MEETING 12 FEBRUARY 2015	MUNICIPAL MANAGER'S OFFICE	SOUTHERN SUN EMNOTWENI	R 1,655.97	REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER THAT HAS PARALEGIC ROOMS	11-Feb-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
32	MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE OF VW CAR OF NDM	CORPORATE SERVICES	MCCARTHY VOLKSWAGEN MIDDELBURG	R 29,434.80	STRIP AND QUOTE AND A REGISTERED DEALERSHIP ON THE NDM DATABASE	17-Feb-15	REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE - ON STRIP AND QUOTE
33	MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE OF A MAYORALO VEHICLE (MERCEDES) FOR NDM	CORPORATE SERVICES	KUNENE MOTORS HOLDINGS T/A MC CARTHY KUNENE WITBANK	R 26,473.70	STRIP AND QUOTE AND A REGISTERED DEALERSHIP ON THE NDM DATABASE	17-Feb-15	REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE - ON STRIP AND QUOTE
34	SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETER FOR IDP/LED FORUM	DPU	DEAFSA	R 5,244.00	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE THAT CAN RENDER SUCH SERVICES	18-Feb-15	SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER IN NDM DATABASE

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

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2014

35	REPAIR AND ALIGNMENT OF THE UPS SERVER SYSTEMS	IT	MEIJI RESTORATION	R 183,385.34	STRIP AND QUOTE, IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW SCM PROCEDURES	27-Feb-15	REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE - ON STRIP AND QUOTE	
36	TRANSCRIPTIONS OF CCMA HEARING	MAYOR'S OFFICE	TOP TRANSCRIPTIONS T/A HR ELEMENTS	R 63,360.00	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE THAT CAN RENDER SUCH SERVICES	09-Mar-15	SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER IN NDM DATABASE	
37	CCMA DISCIPLINARY HEARING	MAYOR'S OFFICE	GOLDBERG ATTORNEY	R 15,166.00	APPOINTED BY COUNCIL TO CHAIR DISCIPLINARY HEARINGS	09-Mar-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES	
38	SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETER	DPU	DEAFSA	R 9,576.00	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE THAT CAN RENDER SUCH SERVICES	09-Mar-15	SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER IN NDM DATABASE	
39	PROCUREMENT OF LIBRARY BOOKS	CORPORATE SERVICES	ZAKHENI- IKAGENG BOOK	R 26,037.00	ALL THE REQUIRED BOOKS AVAILABLE FROM ONE REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE	11-Mar-15	SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER IN NDM DATABASE	
40	CPMD TRAINING TUITION FEES FOR MS T LENGWATI	FINANCE	WITS BUSINESS SCHOOL	R 28,500.00	SERVICE PROVIDER PREFERRED FOR THE CONTENT AND IN DEPTH ANALYSIS	20-Mar-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES	
41	RADIO	PUBLIC	GMFM	R 5,000.00	ADVERTORIAL	13-Mar-15	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE	
	ADVERTISEMENT	LIASON	IKWEKWEZI FM	R 9,900.90	AVAILABLE FROM SINGLE SERVICE			
			MOUTSE	R 16,350.00	PROVIDER		SERVICE PROVIDER	
42	CPD TRAINING	FINANCE	ALTIMAX	R 950.00	TRAINING ARRANGED BY AND AVAILABLE FROM SINGLE PROVIDER	03-Mar-15	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER	
43	ONSITE DIAGNOSIS FOR THE GIS SERVER	IT	HP SOUTH AFRICA	R 2,642.52	STRIP AND QUOTE	16-Mar-15	REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE - ON STRIP AND QUOTE	
44	ACCOMODATION FOR 96 EPWP TOURISM	LED	PIENAARSDAM	R 171,360.00	DELAYED APPOINTMENT OF TRAINING, IMPRACTICALLY TO	24-Mar-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL	
	AMBASSADOR WORKERS FOR 10 DAYS		KAMAROSSI 14 CC	R 88,400.00	FOLLOW SCM PROCESSES		PROCUREMENT PROCESSES	
45	SKILLS GAP TRAINING	CORPORATE SERVICES	UBUNTU PTY LTD	R 17,100.00	SERVICE PROVIDER PREFERRED FOR THE CONTENT AND IN DEPTH ANALYSIS	25-Mar-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES	
46	PROCUREMENT OF MICROSOFT LICENCE FOR MUNSOFT	ICT	MUNSOFT	R 2,145,965.52	REGISTERD SOLE SERVICE PROVIDER TO RENDER THE REQUIERED SERVICE (SYSTEM OWNER)	26-Mar-15	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER	
47	SKILLS GAP TRAINING	CORPORATE SERVICES	WITS BUSINESS SCHOOL	R 28,500.00	SKILLS GAPS TRAINING	20-Mar-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES	

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

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48	SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETER	FINANCE	DEAFSA	R 5,130.00	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE THAT CAN RENDER SUCH SERVICES	07-Apr-15	SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER IN NDM DATABASE
49	VIDEO RECORDING FOR THE IDP INDABA 16 & 17 MARCH 2015	PUBLIC LIASON	VINTRO EVENTS AND ENTERTAINMENT	R 18,810.00	URGENT REQUEST FOR VIDEO COVERAGE. ONLY SERVICE PROVIDER WITH REQUIRED CAPACITY IN NDM DATABASE AT REASONABLE PRICE	01-Apr-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
50	ANNUAL RENEWAL OF SUBSCRIPTION OF 9 COPIES OF SA SURVEY ISSUES	CORPORATE SERVICES	SAIRR	R 42,550.27	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER	07-Apr-15	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER
51	MEDIA COVERAGE FOR THE IDP INDABA 16 & 17 MARCH 2015	PUBLIC LIASON	MOUTSE GMFM	R 8,500.00 R 5,000.00	ADVERTORIAL AVAILABLE FROM SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER	08-Apr-15	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER
52	APPOINTMENT OF ACCREDITED TRAINING PROVIDER TO CONDUCT TRAINING OF 120 TOURISM AMBASSADOR AND SAFETY WORKERS ON TOURISM CUSTOMER CARE AND BASIC KNOWLEDGE PARTAINING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY	LED	VPK BUSINESS VENTURE	R 1,496,400.00	APPOINTED AFTER 3 UNSUCCESFUL ADVERTISEMENT AND SECTION 32 IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROJECT	10-Apr-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
53	ADDITIONAL HARDWARE THAT NEEDED TO BE INSTALLED ON THE GIS SERVER	ICT	HP SOUTH AFRICA	R 20,977.98	STRIP, QUOTE AND REPAIR	14-Apr-15	REPAIRS & MAINTENANCE - ON STRIP AND QUOTE
54	ACCOMODATION FOR KEVIN ALLARDYCE & ADVOCATE COOK	MAYOR'S OFFICE	THE RIDGE HOTEL	R 14,465.12	REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE DATABASE THAT HAS GOT CONFERENCE FACILITIES	17-Apr-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
55	EXHIBITION STAND FOR THE ANNUAL TOURISM INDABA - DURBAN	LED	PULE'S TRADING ENTEPRISE	R 193,100.00	QUOTATION ADVERTISED AND THERE WERE NO RESPONSIVE BIDDER. HENCE A DEVIATION WAS BROUGHT FORTH BECAUSE IT DID NOT GIVE SUFFICIENT TO RE-ADVERTISE	21-Apr-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
56	EXHIBITION SPACE FOR THE ANNUAL TOURISM INDABA DURBAN	LED	PURE GRIT PROJECT AND EXHIBITION	R 86,082.26	SERVICE REQUIRED IS AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER SINCE THEY WILL BE HOSTING THE EVENT	28-Apr-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand

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57	GRAP TRAINING: NDM FINANCE OFFICIALS AND OTHER FINANCE OFFICIALS FROM LOCAL MUNICIPALITIES	FINANCE	ALTIMAX	R 20,000.00	THE TRAINING PROGRAMME WAS SPECIFICALLY DEVELOPED BY ALTIMAX (SOLE REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER)	06-May-15	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER
58	SUPPLY, DELIVERY AND REGISTRATION OF FIRE ARMS FOR NKANGALA DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY	MUNICIPAL MANAGER'S OFFICE	KING OF ARMS	R 50,023.00	POSSIBILITY THAT THE SECURITY OF THE STATE COULD BE COMPROMISED AFTER AN UNSUCCESFUL COMPETITIVE BIDDING	08-May-15	SECURITY OF THE STATE COULD BE COMPROMISED
59	CCMA DISCIPLINARY HEARING	MAYOR'S OFFICE	ALLARDYEE AND PARTNERS	R 198,805.73	APPOINTED BY COUNCIL TO CONDUCT DISCIPLINARY HEARINGS	25-May-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
60	REGISTRATIOON FEE	RISK UNIT	INSTITUTE OF INTERNAL AUDITORS	R 42,322.50	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICES PROVIDER THAT CAN OFFER THE TRAINING	22-Jun-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
61	ACCOMMODATION AT THE RIDGE WITBANK	MAYOR'S OFFICE	THE RIDGE HOTEL	R 13,228.88	REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE DATABASE THAT HAS GOT CONFERENCE FACILITIES	23-Jun-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
62	TRAVEL AND ACCOMODATION OF THE MM FOR THE ATTENDANCE OF THE SALGA NATIONAL MUNICIPAL MANAGERS FORUM ON THE 04-05 JUNE 2015 IN KIMBERLY	MUNICIPAL MANAGER'S OFFICE	SEROLE TRAVEL AGENCY	R 20,510.00	REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER THAT CAN OBTAIN PARALEGIC SERVICES OF A CAR, FLIGHT AND ACCOMODATION	29-May-15	IMPRACTICAL TO FOLLOW THE OFFICIAL PROCUREMENT PROCESSES
63	SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETER FOR IDP/LED FORUM	DPU	DEAFSA	R 5,130.00	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE THAT CAN RENDER SUCH SERVICES	09-Jun-15	SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER IN NDM DATABASE
64	RENEWAL OF SUBSCRIPTION FEE FOR SOWETAN NEWSPAPER	FINANCE	TIMES MEDIA	R 19,828.80	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE THAT CAN RENDER SUCH SERVICES	09-Jun-15	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER
65	TRAINING	RISK MANAGEMENT UNIT	THE INSTITUTE OF INTERNAL AUDITORS SOUTH AFRICA	R 42,322.50	TRAINING AVAILABLE FROM SINGLE PROVIDER	22-Jun-15	SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER
66	ACCOMMODATION FOR KEVIN ALLARDYCE & ADVOCATE COOK	MAYOR'S OFFICE	SOUTHERN SUN THE RIDGE HOTEL	R 13,228.88	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE THAT HAS CONFERENCE FACILITIES	23-Jun-15	ONLY REGISTERED SERVICE PROVIDER ON THE NDM DATABASE THAT HAS CONFERENCE FACILITIES
67	SUPPLY AND DELIVERY OF ACCESS CARDS	TECHNICAL SERVICES	DENGARD INDUSTRIAL SUPPLIERS	R 5,106.00	SERVICE REQUIRED IS AVAILABLE FROM A SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER	24-Jun-15	SINGLE SERVICE PROVIDER IN NDM DATABASE

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand	2015	2014
41. Public contributions and donations		
Public contributions and donations 1	5,563,200	60,000
42. Other revenue		
Discount Received	(68,261)	(104,065)
Grants SETA Sundry Income VATABLE	(129,591) (110,042)	(161,359) (4,233)
Sundry Income not VATABLE	(110,042)	(1,573,728)
	(1,769,559)	(1,843,385)

		Analysis of property, plan Cost/Revaluation						nt and equipment as at 30 June 2015 Accumulated depreciation						
	Opening Balance Rand	Opening balance adjustments Rand	Additions Rand	Disposals Rand	Revaluations Rand	Other changes, movements Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Opening Balance Rand	Opening balance adjustments Rand	Disposals Rand	Depreciation Rand	Impairment loss Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Carrying value Rand
Land and buildings														
Land (Separate for AFS purposes) Buildings (Separate for AFS pursoses) Fire Station (Separate for AFS	300,000 58,198,723 8,314,457	-	510,000 - -	- -	- -	- - -	810,000 58,198,723 8,314,457	- (16,163,397) (880,296)		- -	(1,952,942) (256,712)	- -	(18,116,339) (1,137,008)	810,000 40,082,384 7,177,449
purposes) Capital Work in Progres (Separate for AFS purposes)	17,810,171	-	12,823,588	-	-	-	30,633,759	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,633,759
	84,623,351		13,333,588	-	-		97,956,939	(17,043,693)		-	(2,209,654)	-	(19,253,347)	78,703,592
Infrastructure														
Roads, Pavements & Bridges Transmission & Reticulation	2,513,874 961,998	-	-	-	-	-	2,513,874 961,998	(802,520) (549,863)		-	(250,833) (31,004)	-	(1,053,353) (580,867)	1,460,521 381,131
	3,475,872				-		3,475,872	(1,352,383)	<u> </u>	-	(281,837)	-	(1,634,220)	1,841,652

June	2015	

#### Analysis of property, plant and equipment as at 30 June 2015 Cost/Revaluation Accumulated depreciation

			003	Unevalu					Accui	nulateu	uepieciai			
	Opening Balance Rand	Opening balance adjustments Rand	Additions Rand	Disposals Rand	Revaluations Rand	Other changes, movements Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Opening Balance Rand	Opening balance adjustments Rand	Disposals Rand	Depreciation Rand	Impairment loss Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Carrying value Rand
Specialised vehicles														
Bakkies Fire Vehicles	6,048,107 4,055,576 3,763,413	-	4,527,331 - 2,612,374	(125,000)	- -	-	10,575,438 3,930,576 6,375,787	(1,061,760) (886,047) (323,801)	-	73,970	(846,028) (180,455) (353,857)	-	(1,907,788) (992,532) (677,658)	8,667,650 2,938,044 5,698,129
	13,867,096	-	7,139,705	(125,000)	-	-	20,881,801	(2,271,608)	-	73,970	(1,380,340)	-	(3,577,978)	17,303,823
Other assets														
General vehicles Plant & equipment Computer Equipment Furniture & appliances Security measures Emergency equipment Other Assets - Leased	8,193,086 1,422,227 16,185,264 9,181,327 1,876,223 2,957,895 920,200	(89,097) (39,296) (527) - -	1,231,865 1,025,849 185,753 43,880 1,375,669 787,687	(178,122) (8,577) (1,135,411) (128,123) - (27,863) (920,198)	- - - -		9,157,732 1,413,650 16,036,406 9,238,430 1,920,103 4,305,701 787,689	(3,530,358) (768,262) (11,013,511) (5,682,296) (1,018,379) (522,782) (893,413)	71,279 17,696 266 - -	142,498 7,784 1,100,133 112,742 - 27,101 920,197	(857,394) (152,693) (1,612,518) (683,204) (132,998) (434,485) (70,627)	- - - -	(4,173,975) (913,171) (11,508,200) (6,252,492) (1,151,377) (930,166) (43,843)	4,983,757 500,479 4,528,206 2,985,938 768,726 3,375,535 743,846
	40,736,222	(128,920)	4,650,703	(2,398,294)	-	-	42,859,711	(23,429,001)	89,241	2,310,455	(3,943,919)		(24,973,224)	17,886,487

			Cos	t/Revalu	•	operty, pia	int and e	quipine			depreciat	ion		
	Opening Balance Rand	Opening balance adjustments Rand	Additions Rand	Disposals Rand	Revaluations Rand	Other changes, movements Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Opening Balance Rand	Opening balance adjustments Rand	Disposals Rand	Depreciation Rand	Impairment loss Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Carrying value Rand
Total property plant and equipment														
Land and buildings Infrastructure Specialised vehicles Other assets	84,623,351 3,475,872 13,867,096 40,736,222	- - - (128,920)	13,333,588 - 7,139,705 4,650,703	- (125,000) (2,398,294)	- - -	-	97,956,939 3,475,872 20,881,801 42,859,711	(17,043,693) (1,352,383) (2,271,608) (23,429,001)	- - - 89,241	- 73,970 2,310,455	(2,209,654) (281,837) (1,380,340) (3,943,919)	- - -	(19,253,347) (1,634,220) (3,577,978) (24,973,224)	78,703,592 1,841,652 17,303,823 17,886,487
	142,702,541	(128,920)	25,123,996	(2,523,294)	-	-	165,174,323	(44,096,685)	89,241	2,384,425	(7,815,750)		(49,438,769)	115,735,554
Intangible assets														
Computers - software & programming	1,584,292	-	-	-	-		1,584,292	(733,175)	-	-	(94,526)		(827,701)	756,591
	1,584,292		-	-	-	-	1,584,292	(733,175)	-	-	(94,526)		(827,701)	756,591
Investment properties Total														
Land and buildings Infrastructure Specialised vehicles Other assets Intangible assets	84,623,351 3,475,872 13,867,096 40,736,222 1,584,292 144,286,833	(128,920) ( <b>128,920</b> )	13,333,588 7,139,705 4,650,703 - 25,123,996	(125,000) (2,398,294) 	- - - -	-	97,956,939 3,475,872 20,881,801 42,859,711 1,584,292 166,758,615	(17,043,693) (1,352,383) (2,271,608) (23,429,001) (733,175) (44,829,860)	- - 89,241 - - 89,241	73,970 2,310,455 	(2,209,654) (281,837) (1,380,340) (3,943,919) (94,526) (7,910,276)	-	(19,253,347) (1,634,220) (3,577,978) (24,973,224) (827,701) (50,266,470)	78,703,592 1,841,652 17,303,823 17,886,487 756,591 116,492,145

Analysis of property plant and equipment as at 30 June 2015

			Cos	Analy t/Revalu		operty, pla	nt and e	equipme			e 2014 depreciat	ion		
	Opening Balance Rand	Opening balance adjustment Rand	Additions Rand	Disposals Rand	Revaluations Rand	Other changes, movements Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Opening Balance Rand	Opening balance adjustments Rand	Disposals Rand	Depreciation Rand	Impairment loss Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Carrying value Rand
Land and buildings														
Land (Separate for AFS purposes) Buildings (Separate for AFS purposes) Capital Work in progress (Separate for AFS purposes)	300,000 66,513,180 2,899,008	-	- - 14,911,163	- - -	-	- - -	300,000 66,513,180 17,810,171	(14,834,043) -	-	- -	(2,209,654) -		(17,043,697)	300,000 49,469,483 17,810,171
-	69,712,188	-	14,911,163	-	-	-	84,623,351	(14,834,043)	-	-	(2,209,654)	-	(17,043,697)	67,579,654
Infrastructure														
Roads, Pavements & Bridges Transmission & Reticulation	2,513,874 961,998		-	-	-	<u> </u>	2,513,874 961,998	(551,687) (518,859)	-	-	(250,833) (31,004)	-	(802,520) (549,863)	1,711,354 412,135
_	3,475,872	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-		3,475,872	(1,070,546)	-	-	(281,837)	-	(1,352,383)	2,123,489

June	2015	

#### Analysis of property, plant and equipment as at 30 June 2014 Cost/Revaluation Accumulated depreciation

			003	wite valu	ation				Accui	nuiateu	uepieciai			
	Opening Balance Rand	Opening balance adjustment Rand	Additions Rand	Disposals Rand	Revaluations Rand	Other changes, movements Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Opening Balance Rand	Opening balance adjustments Rand	Disposals Rand	Depreciation Rand	Impairment loss Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Carrying value Rand
Specialised vehicles														
Bakkies Fire Vehicles	4,508,422 4,995,576 540,145	-	1,539,685 ,223,268	(940,000)	-	-	6,048,107 4,055,576 3,763,413	(553,966) (972,576) (154,327)	-	- 323,811 -	(507,795) (237,281) (169,474)	-	(1,061,761) (886,046) (323,801)	4,986,346 3,169,530 3,439,612
	10,044,143	-	4,762,953	(940,000)	-	-	13,867,096	(1,680,869)	-	323,811	(914,550)	-	(2,271,608)	11,595,488
Other assets														
General vehicles Plant & equipment Computer Equipment Furniture & appliances Security measures Emergency equipment Other Assets - Leased	8,005,200 10,938,546 17,540,994 9,449,874 1,876,223 1,396,846 1,032,194	(89,097) (1,122,043) - - - -	693,120 - 205,882 88,095 - 1,561,300 1	(505,234) (9,516,319) (478,865) (357,064) - (251) (111,996)	- - - - -		8,103,989 1,422,227 16,145,968 9,180,905 1,876,223 2,957,895 920,199	(2,991,428) (3,556,720) (10,061,635) (5,262,583) (885,390) (341,613) (662,568)	71,278 - 219,348 - - - - -	231,908 3,601,034 421,606 270,654 - 248 111,893	(770,839) (812,577) (1,575,135) (690,102) (132,989) (181,417) (342,737)	- - - -	(3,459,081) (768,263) (10,995,816) (5,682,031) (1,018,379) (522,782) (893,412)	4,644,908 653,964 5,150,152 3,498,874 857,844 2,435,113 26,787
	50,239,877	(1,211,140)	2,548,398	(10,969,729)	-		40,607,406	(23,761,937)	290,626	4,637,343	(4,505,796)		(23,339,764)	17,267,642

			Cos	Analy t/Revalu	• •	operty, pla	int and e	equipme			e 2014 depreciat	ion		
	Opening Balance Rand	Opening balance adjustment Rand	Additions Rand	Disposals Rand	Revaluations Rand	Other changes, movements Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Opening Balance Rand	Opening balance adjustments Rand	Disposals Rand	Depreciation Rand	Impairment loss Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Carrying value Rand
Total property plant and equipment														
Land and buildings Infrastructure Specialised vehicles Other assets	69,712,188 3,475,872 10,044,143 50,239,877	- - - (1,211,140)	14,911,163 - 4,762,953 2,548,398	- (940,000) (10,969,729)			84,623,351 3,475,872 13,867,096 40,607,406	(14,834,043) (1,070,546) (1,680,869) (23,761,937)	- - 290,626	323,811 4,637,343	(2,209,654) (281,837) (914,550) (4,505,796)	- - -	(17,043,697) (1,352,383) (2,271,608) (23,339,764)	67,579,654 2,123,489 11,595,488 17,267,642
Intangible assets	133,472,080	(1,211,140)	22,222,514	(11,909,729)	-		142,573,725	(41,347,395)	290,626	4,961,154	(7,911,837)		(44,007,452)	98,566,273
Computers - software & programming	469,575	1,114,717	-	-	-	<u> </u>	1,584,292	(115,923)	(216,749)	(400,503)	-	-	(733,175)	851,117
Total	469,575	1,114,717	-	<u> </u>	-		1,584,292	(115,923)	(216,749)	(400,503)	-		(733,175)	851,117
Land and buildings Infrastructure Specialised vehicles Other assets Intangible assets	69,712,188 3,475,872 10,044,143 50,239,877 469,575	- - (1,211,140) 1,114,717	14,911,163 - 4,762,953 2,548,398 -	- (940,000) (10,969,729) -	- - - -	-	84,623,351 3,475,872 13,867,096 40,607,406 1,584,292	(14,834,043) (1,070,546) (1,680,869) (23,761,937) (115,923)	- - - 290,626 (216,749)	- 323,811 4,637,343 (400,503)	(2,209,654) (281,837) (914,550) (4,505,796)	- - - -	(17,043,697) (1,352,383) (2,271,608) (23,339,764) (733,175)	67,579,654 2,123,489 11,595,488 17,267,642 851,117
	133,941,655	(96,423)	22,222,514	(11,909,729)	-	-	144,158,017	(41,463,318)	73,877	4,560,651	(7,911,837)	-	(44,740,627)	99,417,390

#### Nkangala District Municipality Appendix B Disclosures of Grants and Subsidies in terms of Section 123 MFMA, 56 of 2003 June 2015

Name of Grants	Name of organ of state or municipal entity		Qua	rterly Recei	pts			Quart	erly Expend	diture		Grants	and Subs	sidies de	slayed / v	withheld	for delay/with holding of funds	Did your municipali ty comply with the grant conditions in terms of grant framework in the latest Division of Revenue Act	i for noncompli ance f
1		Jul	Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun	Jul	Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun	Jul	Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun		Yes/ No	
	National Gov	-	934,000	-	-	-	-	435,159	-	436,744	62,097	-	-	-	-		NA	Yes	NA
	National Gov	-	1,250,000	-	-	-	269,369	304,110	312,416	504,530	128,944	-	-	-	-	-	NA		NA
	National Gov	-	848,000	637,000	636,000	-	(44,568)	-	-	809,550			-	-	-		NA	Yes	NA
Rural Asset Management	National Gov	-	1,950,000	-	-	-	1,602,000	-	-	1,399,883	550,117	-	-	-	-	-	NA		
ivianayement		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		Yes	
		-	4,982,000	637,000	636,000	-	1,826,801	739,269	312,416	3,150,707	2,052,608	_		-	-	-			

### Nkangala District Municipality Appendix C1 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification) for the year ended 30 June 2015

				2	015/201	4						2014	/2013	
Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. Council approved policy)	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	of Final Budget	Actual 6 Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure			Restated Audited Outcome
Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand

#### Revenue - Standard

Governance and administration	342,773,000	5,083,235	347,856,235	-	347,856,235	367,215,664	19,359,428	106 %	107 %		343,996,602
Executive and council	-	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	27,593	22,593	552 %	DIV/0 %		1,263
Budget and treasury office	342,773,000	5,078,235	347,851,235	-	347,851,235	367,188,071	19,336,835	106 %	107 %		343,995,339
Corporate services	-	-		-			-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Community and public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Community and social services	-	-	-	-	-		-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Sport and recreation	-	-	-	-	-		-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-		-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Health	-	-	-	-	-		-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Economic and environmental	934,000	-	934,000	-	934,000	934,000	-	100 %	100 %		890,000
services											
Planning and development	934,000	-	934,000	-	934,000	934,000	-	100 %	100 %		890,000
Road transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Environmental protection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Trading services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Electricity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Waste water management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Waste management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Other	-	-	-	-	 -	-		DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %		-
Total Revenue - Standard	343,707,000	5,083,235	348,790,235	-	 348,790,235	368,149,664	19,359,428	106 %	107 %		344,886,602

### Nkangala District Municipality Appendix C1 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification) for the year ended 30 June 2015

2015/2014

2014/2013

Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. Council approved policy)	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure		recovered	Restated Audited Outcome
Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Budget Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand

#### Expenditure - Standard

Governance and administration	148,043,927	465,118	148,509,045	_	-	148,509,045	114,940,336		(33,568,709)	77 %	78 %			-	96,440,596
Executive and council	69,633,416	10,196,838	79,830,254	-	-	79.830.254	59,610,150	-	(20,220,104)	75 %	86 %	-	-	-	48,628,331
Budget and treasury office	40,457,227	(576,860)	39,880,367	-		39,880,367	31,188,723	-	(8,691,644)	78 %	77 %		-	-	19,147,187
Corporate services	37,953,284	(9,154,860)	28,798,424	-		28,798,424	24.141.463	-	(4,656,961)	84 %	64 %	-	-	-	28,665,079
				-	-			-		70 %	58 %	-	-	-	
Community and public safety	75,978,395	(12,609,754)	63,368,641	-	-	63,368,641	44,080,396	-	(19,288,245)	65 %	<b>50 %</b> 70 %	-	-	-	5,590,288
Community and social services	13,665,320	1,017,777	14,683,097	-	-	14,683,097	9,498,664	-	(5,184,433)			-	-	-	-
Sport and recreation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	
Public safety	38,088,588	(6,381,099)	31,707,489	-	-	31,707,489	27,846,434	-	(3,861,055)	88 %	73 %	-	-	-	30,048,381
Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Health	24,224,487	(7,246,432)	16,978,055	-	-	16,978,055	6,735,298	-	(10,242,757)	40 %	28 %	-	-	-	-
Economic and environmental	248,383,560	(43,363,556)	205,020,004	-	-	205,020,004	174,475,177	-	(30,544,827)	85 %	70 %	-	-	-	27,894,500
services															
Planning and development	227,877,309	(34,757,818)	193,119,491	-	-	193,119,491	135,593,457	-	(57,526,034)	70 %	60 %	-	-	-	254,965,615
Road transport	20,506,251	(8,605,738)	11,900,513	-	-	11,900,513	38,881,720	-	26,981,207	327 %	190 %	-	-	-	-
Environmental protection	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	27,898,025
Trading services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Electricity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Waste water management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Waste management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Other	15.984.097	(814,411)	15,169,686	-	-	15.169.686	1,861,383	-	(13,308,303)	12 %	12 %	-	-	-	-
Other	15,984,097	(814,411)	15,169,686	-	-	15,169,686	1,861,383	-	(13,308,303)	12 %	12 %	-	-	-	525,826
		(011,111)													- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Expenditure - Standard	488,389,979	(56,322,603)	432,067,376	-	-	432,067,376	335,357,292	-	(96,710,084)	78 %	69 %	-	-	-	418,258,187
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(144,682,979)	61,405,838	(83,277,141)	_		(83,277,141)	32,792,372		116,069,512	(39)%	(23)%				(73,371,585)
Surplus, Benery for the year	(144,302,313)	01,400,000	(00,277,141)			(00,277,141)	02,102,012		110,000,012	(00)/0	(23)/0				(10,011,000)

### Nkangala District Municipality Appendix C2 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote) for the year ended 30 June 2015

					2015/2	2014							2014	2013	
	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. Council approved policy)	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA	Balance to be recovered	Restated Audited Outcome
	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Budget Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand
Revenue by Vote															
Executive & Council Budget Office Planning & Development	342,773,000 934,000	5,000 5,078,235 -	5,000 347,851,235 934,000	-		5,000 347,851,235 934,000	27,953 367,188,071 934,000		22,953 19,336,836 -	559 % 106 % 100 %	DIV/0 % 107 % 100 %				1,263 343,995,339 890,000
Total Revenue by Vote	343,707,000	5,083,235	348,790,235	-		348,790,235	368,150,024		19,359,789	106 %	107 %				344,886,602
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated															
Executive & Council Corporate Services Budget office Community & Social Public safety Planning & Development Health Other Transport Total Expenditure by Vote	69,633,416 37,953,284 40,457,227 13,665,320 38,088,588 227,877,309 24,224,487 15,984,097 20,506,251 <b>488,389,979</b>	10,196,838 (9,154,860) (576,860) 1,017,778 (6,381,099) (34,75,7818) (7,246,433) (814,411) (8,605,738) (56,322,603)	79,830,254 28,798,424 39,880,367 14,683,098 31,707,489 193,119,491 16,978,054 15,169,686 11,900,513 <b>432,067,376</b>			79,830,254 28,798,424 39,880,367 14,683,098 31,707,489 193,119,491 16,978,054 15,169,686 11,900,513 <b>432,067,376</b>	59,610,150 24,141,463 31,188,723 9,498,664 27,846,434 135,593,457 6,735,298 1,861,382 38,881,720 <b>335,357,292</b>		(20,220,104) (4,656,961) (8,691,644) (5,184,434) (3,861,055) (57,526,034) (10,242,756) (13,308,304) 26,981,207 (96,710,085)	84 % 78 % 65 % 88 % 70 % 40 % 12 % 327 %	86 % 64 % 77 % 70 % 60 % 28 % 12 % 190 % <b>69 %</b>	20,220,103 4,656,961 8,691,644 5,184,433 3,861,055 57,526,033 10,242,757 13,308,304 (26,961,207) <b>96,730,083</b>		(20,220,103) (4,656,961) (8,691,644) (5,184,433) (3,861,055) (57,526,033) (10,242,757) (13,308,304) 26,961,207 (96,730,083)	48,628,331 28,665,079 19,147,187 5,590,288 30,048,381 254,965,615 2,789,455 525,826 27,898,025 <b>418,258,187</b>
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(144,682,979)	61,405,838	(83,277,141)	-		(83,277,141)	32,792,732		116,069,874	(39)%	(23)%				(73,371,585)

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### Nkangala District Municipality Appendix C3 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure) for the year ended 30 June 2015

2015/2014

	Original Budget Rand	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA) Rand	Final adjustments budget Rand	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA) Rand	Virement (i.t.o. Council approved policy) Rand	Final Budget Rand	Actual Outcome Rand	Unauthorised expenditure Rand	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget Rand	Actual Outcome as % ( of Final Budget Rand		Reported unauthorised expenditure Rand	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA Rand	Balance to be recovered Rand	Restated Audited Outcome Rand
Revenue By Source															
Property rates Property rates - penalties & collection charges	-	:	-	-		-	-		-	DIV/0 % DIV/0 %	DIV/0 % DIV/0 %				-
Service charges - electricity revenue Service charges - water revenue Service charges - sanitation revenue	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	DIV/0 % DIV/0 % DIV/0 %	DIV/0 % DIV/0 % DIV/0 %				-
Service charges - refuse revenue Service charges - other	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	DIV/0 % DIV/0 %	DIV/0 % DIV/0 %				-
Rental of facilities and equipment Interest earned - external investments Interest earned - outstanding debtors	110,000 17,435,000 5,000	(3,150,000)	14,285,000	-		87,000 14,285,000	89,466 31,083,847 1,279,615		2,466 16,798,847 1,279,615	103 % 218 % DIV/0 %	81 % 178 % 25,592 %				86,454 28,430,598 174
Dividends received Fines			-	-		-			-	DIV/0 % DIV/0 %	DIV/0 % DIV/0 %				-
Licences and permits Agency services Transfers recognised - operational	 324,272,000	- - 2,188,035	- - 326,460,035	-		- - 326,460,035	- - 325,966,366		- - (493,669)	DIV/0 % DIV/0 % 100 %	DIV/0 % DIV/0 % 101 %				- 313,592,000
Other revenue Gains on disposal of PPE	1,885,000		7,448,000	-		7,448,000	9,174,312		1,726,312	123 % DIV/0 %	487 % DIV/0 %				2,777,377
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	343,707,000	4,573,035	348,280,035	-		348,280,035	367,593,606		19,313,571	106 %	107 %				344,886,603

### **Nkangala District Municipality Appendix C3 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)** for the year ended 30 June 2015

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. Council approved policy)	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA	Balance to be recovered	Restated Audited Outcome
	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand
Expenditure By Type															
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation & asset impairment Finance charges	117,698,706 16,826,270 15,000 9,572,171 4,399,607	(9,804,768) - (15,000) (1,347,171) (600,000)	107,893,938 16,826,270 - 8,225,000 3,799,607	-	(3,796,900) (248,500) - 398,900 1,282,500	104,097,038 16,577,770 - 8,623,900 5,082,107	73,261,494 12,691,037 - 7,910,269 4,490,939	- - - -	(30,835,544) (3,886,733) - (713,631) (591,168)	70 % 77 % DIV/0 % 92 % 88 %	75 % - % 83 % 102 %		- - - -	- - -	55,900,067 11,598,147 - 8,312,338 5,446,678
Bulk purchases Other materials Contracted services Transfers and grants Other expenditure	- 804,071 15,014,876 245,808,826 78,250,451	- (79,710) (3,722,610) (55,834,877) 15,081,533	- 724,361 11,292,266 189,973,949 93,331,984	-	- (26,550) 1,133,470 3,954,654 (2,813,124)	- 697,811 12,425,736 193,928,603 90,518,860	- 183,150 9,162,941 161,930,453 65,668,147	-	- (512,661) (3,262,795) (31,998,150) (24,850,713)	DIV/0 % 26 % 74 % 84 % 73 %	23 % 61 % 66 %	-	-		299,120 4,275,444 238,778,699 86,706,105
Loss on disposal of PPE	-	-	-	-	115,550	115,550	29,578	-	(85,972)	26 %	DIV/0 %	-	-		6,941,589
Total Expenditure	488,389,979	(56,322,603)	432,067,376	-	<u> </u>	432,067,576	335,328,008		(96,737,367)	78 %	69 %	-	-	<u> </u>	418,258,187
Surplus/(Deficit)	(144,682,979)	60,895,838	(83,787,341)	-		(83,787,541)	32,265,598		116,050,938	(39)%	(22)%				(73,371,584)
Transfers recognised - capital Contributions recognised - capital Contributed assets	- - -	510,000 -	- 510,000 -	-		510,000 -	- 526,774 -		- 16,774 -	DIV/0 % 103 % DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions	(144,682,979)	61,405,838	(83,277,141)	-		(83,277,141)	32,792,372		116,069,513	(39)%	(23)%				(73,371,584)
Taxation	-		-	-			-			DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				-
Surplus/(Deficit) after taxation	(144,682,979)	61,405,838	(83,277,141)	-		(83,277,141)	32,792,372		116,069,513	(39)%	(23)%				(73,371,584)
Attributable to minorities	-		-	-			-			DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				-
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality	(144,682,979)	61,405,838	(83,277,141)	-		(83,277,141)	32,792,372		116,069,513	(39)%	(23)%				(73,371,584)
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	-		-	-			-			DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				-
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(144,682,979)	61,405,838	(83,277,141)	-		(83,277,141)	32,792,372		116,069,513	(39)%	(23)%				(73,371,584)

### Nkangala District Municipality Appendix C4 Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding for the year ended 30 June 2015

					201	5/2014							2014	/2013	
-	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. Council approved policy)	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA	Balance to be recovered	Restated Audited Outcome
	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand
Capital expenditure - Vote Multi-year expenditure															
Executive & Council	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Corporate Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Budget Office	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Comminity & Social	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Planning & Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Example 10 - Vote10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Example 11 - Vote11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Example 12 - Vote12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Example 13 - Vote13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Example 14 - Vote14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Example 15 - Vote15	-			-			-			DIV/0 %			-		-
Capital multi-year expenditure sub- total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	6 DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Single-year expenditure															
Executive & Council	1,540,000	1,170,000	2,710,000			2,710,000	2,002,421		(707,579)	74 %	130 %				210,312
Corporate Services	4,189,500		2,393,116		-	2,393,116	1,571,185		(821,931)						44,744
Budget Office	312,518		312,518		-	312,518	168,009	-	(144,509)						38,921
Community & Social	78,067		78,067		-	78,067	100,003		(78,067)	- %				_	50,521
Public Safety	26,912,255	(355,782)	26,556,473		-	26,556,473	21,332,144		(5,224,329)	80 %				_	21,928,535
Planning & Development	20,312,233		20,330,473	-	-	20,330,473	20,607	_	(3,224,323)			-	_	-	21,320,333
Health	800,000		1,275,000	_		1,275,000	29,629	_	(1,245,371)			_	_	-	
Other	500,000	475,000	1,275,000			1,275,000	23,023		(1,240,071)					_	
Transport	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	DIV/0 %		_	_	-	-
Example 10 - Vote10		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	DIV/0 %		_	-	-	-
Example 11 - Vote11	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	DIV/0 %		_	_	_	
Example 12 - Vote12	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	DIV/0 %		_	_	-	-
Example 13 - Vote13		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	DIV/0 %		_	-	-	-
Example 14 - Vote14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %		-	-	-	-
Example 15 - Vote15	-				-	-	-			DIV/0 %				-	-
Capital single-year expenditure sub- total	33,853,060	(507,166)	33,345,894	-	-	33,345,894	25,123,995	-	(8,221,899)	75 %	5 74 %	-	-	-	22,222,512
- Total Capital Expenditure - Vote	33,853,060	(507,166)	33,345,894		-	33,345,894	25,123,995	-	(8,221,899)	75 %	5 <b>74</b> %				22,222,512

### Nkangala District Municipality Appendix C4 Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding for the year ended 30 June 2015

2015/2014	ł
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2014/2013

Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. Council approved policy)	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments	of Final Budget	Actual % Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported 6 unauthorised expenditure			Restated Audited Outcome
Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Budget Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand

#### Capital Expenditure - Standard

Governance and administration	6,042,018	(626,384)	5,415,634	-	_	5.415.634	3,741,615	_	(1.674.019)	69 %	62 %	-	-	-	293.977
Executive and council	1,540,000	1,170,000	2,710,000	-	-	2,710,000	2,002,421	-	(707,579)	74 %	130 %	-	-	-	249,233
Budget and treasury office	312,518	-	312,518	-	-	312,518	168,009	-	(144,509)	54 %	54 %	-	-	-	
Corporate services	4,189,500	(1,796,384)	2,393,116			2,393,116	1.571.185	-	(821,931)	66 %	38 %	-			44,744
Community and public safety	27,790,342	119,218	27,909,560	-		27,909,560	21,361,773	-	(6,547,787)	77 %	77 %	-	-	_	21,928,535
Community and social services	78,087		78,087			78,087	21,001,710	-	(78,087)	- %	- %	-			-
Sport and recreation	-	-	-		-	-		-	(10,001)	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-			
Public safety	26,912,255	(355,782)	26,556,473		-	26,556,473	21,332,144	_	(5,224,329)	80 %	79 %	_	_	_	21,928,535
Housing	20,312,233	(333,702)	20,000,470		-	20,000,470	21,002,144	_	(3,224,323)	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				21,320,333
Health	800,000	475,000	1,275,000		-	1,275,000	29,629	_	(1,245,371)	2 %	4 %				
Economic and environmental	20,720	-13,000	20,720	_	-	20,720	20,607	-	(1,240,071)	99 %	99 %	_	_	_	_
services	20,720		20,720			20,720	20,007		(113)	55 /0	33 /0				
Planning and development	20,720	-	20,720	-	-	20,720	20,607	-	(113)	99 %	99 %	-	-	-	-
Road transport		-	-	-	-	-		-	(	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Environmental protection	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Trading services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Electricity	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Water	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Waste water management	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Waste management	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	_	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-	-	-	-
		·							·						
Total Capital Expenditure - Standard	33,853,080	(507,166)	33,345,914	-	-	33,345,914	25,123,995	-	(8,221,919)	75 %	74 %	-	-	<u> </u>	22,222,512
Funded by:															
Tulluou by:															
National Government									-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				
Provincial Government	-	-	-			-				DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				-
District Municipality	-	-	-			-				DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				-
Other transfers and grants	-					-	-		-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				-
Other transfers and grants		<u> </u>	-	-			-			DIV/0 76	DIV/0 %				-
Transfers recognised - capital	_	_	_	-		_	_		-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				
Public contributions & donations		510,000	510,000			510,000	526,774		16.774	103 %	DIV/0 %				
Borrowing		510,000	010,000	_		510,000	787,687		787.687	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				
Internally generated funds	33,853,060	(1,017,166)	32,835,894			32,835,894	23,809,533		(9,026,361)	73 %	70 %				22,222,512
		· <u> </u>	· · ·	-			<u> </u>							,	
Total Capital Funding	33,853,060	(507,166)	33,345,894	-		33,345,894	25,123,994		(8,221,900)	75 %	74 %				22,222,512

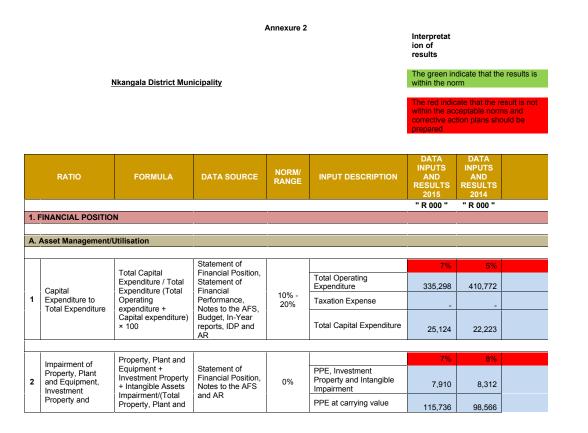
### Nkangala District Municipality Unaudited Schedule 1 Budgeted Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2015

20	1	5	12	Ô٩	14

				2010/	2014				
	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Restated Audited Outcome
	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand
Cash flow from operating activities									
Receipts Ratepayers and other Government - operating Government - capital Interest Dividends	1,995,000 324,272,000 - 17,440,000	435,104 (9,620,000) - 1,120,000	2,430,104 314,652,000 - 18,560,000	2,430,104 314,652,000 - 18,560,000	72,376,367 328,960,035 - 32,363,462	69,946,263 14,308,035 - 13,803,462	2,978 % 105 % DIV/0 % 174 % DIV/0 %	3,628 % 101 % DIV/0 % 186 % DIV/0 %	38,899,710 314,592,000 - 28,430,772
Payments Suppliers and employees Finance charges Transfers and Grants	- (228,594,374) (4,399,607) (245,808,826)	- 8,083,262 - (76,959,449)	- (220,511,112) (4,399,607) (322,768,275)	- (220,511,112) (4,399,607) (322,768,275)	- (189,752,510) (4,490,939) (161,930,453)	- 30,758,602 (91,332) 160,837,822	86 %	83 % 102 % 66 %	- (170,825,549) (5,446,678) (238,778,699)
Net cash flow from/used operating activities	(135,095,807)	(76,941,083)	(212,036,890)	(212,036,890)	77,525,962	289,562,852	(37)%	(57)%	(33,128,444)
Cash flow from investing activities									
Receipts Proceeds on disposal of PPE Decrease (Increase) in non-current debtors	-	-	-	-	109,291 -	109,291 -	DIV/0 % DIV/0 %	DIV/0 % DIV/0 %	5,955 -
Decrease (increase) other non-current receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	-
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments Payments	-	-	-	-	33,756,425	33,756,425	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %	(2,671,091)
Capital assets Net cash flow from/used investing	(33,853,060)	507,166 507,166	(33,345,894)	(33,345,894)	(24,597,221) 9,268,495	8,748,673 42,614,389	<u>74 %</u> (28)%	73 % (27)%	(22,222,512) (24,887,648)
activities	(33,853,060)		(33,345,694)	(33,345,694)	9,200,495	42,014,309	(20)%	(27)%	(24,007,040)
Cash flow from financing activities									
Receipts Short term loans Borrowing long term/refinancing Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	DIV/0 % DIV/0 % DIV/0 %	DIV/0 % DIV/0 % DIV/0 %	- -
Payments Repayment of borrowing	(6,129,882)		(6,129,882)	(6,129,882)	(19,540,750)	(13,410,868)	319 %	319 %	(6,253,300)
Net cash flow from/used financing activities	(6,129,882)	-	(6,129,882)	(6,129,882)	(19,540,750)	(13,410,868)	319 %	319 %	(6,253,300)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	206,365,432	(76,433,917)	466,052,228	466,052,228	<b>67,253,707</b> 401,782,836	(398,798,521)	14 %	33 %	<b>(64,269,392)</b> 466,052,227
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	31,286,682	(76,433,917)	214,539,562	214,539,562	469,036,543	318,766,373	219 %	1,499 %	401,782,837

## **Nkangala District Municipality**

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015



(Carrying Value)	Investment Property			Investment at carrying value	_	-	
	+ Intangible Assets) × 100			Intangible Assets at carrying value	757	851	
					7%	4%	
Repairs and Maintenance as a % of Property, Plant and Equipment and	Total Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure/ Property, Plant and Equipment and	Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Financial	8%	Total Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure	8,132	4,094	
Investment	Investment Property	Performance, IDP, Budgets and In-		PPE at carrying value	115,736	98,566	
Value)	100	теаг керопз		Investment Property at Carrying value	-	-	
	(Gross Debtors	Statement of			147%	141%	
Debtors Managemer	nt						
	(Gross Debtors				147%	141%	
	Closing Balance +	Statement of			_	18	
Collection Rate	Gross Debtors	Financial Performance,	95%	Gross Debtors opeining balance	42	65	
	Bad Debts Written Off)/Billed Revenue	Budget , In-Year		Bad debts written Off	-	12	
	x 100	AR		Billed Revenue	89	86	
	1	1				1	
		Statement of			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
Bad Debts Written-off as % of	Bad Debts Written- off/Provision for	Statement of Financial	100%	Consumer Debtors Bad debts written off	-	12	
Provision for Bad Debt	Bad debts x 100	Performance, Notes to the AFS, Budget and AR		Consumer Debtors Current bad debt Provision	-	-	
Net Debtors Dave			30 dave		0 days	70 days	
	Property (Carrying Value)  Debtors Managemen  Collection Rate  Bad Debts Written-off as % of Provision for Bad	Property (Carrying Value)       (Carrying value) x         Debtors Management         Collection Rate       (Gross Debtors Closing Balance + Billed Revenue - Gross Debtors Opening Balance - Bad Debts Written- Off//Billed Revenue x 100         Bad Debts Written-off as % of Provision for Bad Debt       Bad Debts Written- off/Provision for Bad debts x 100	Property (Carrying Value)     (Carrying value) x     Budgets and in- Year Reports       Debtors Management     100     Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Gross Debtors Orbi/Billed Revenue - Gross Debtors Orfi/Billed Revenue x 100     Statement of Financial Performance, Notes to the AFS, Budget, In-Year Reports, IDP and AR       Bad Debts Written-off as % of Provision for Bad Debt     Bad Debts Written- off//Provision for Bad debts x 100     Statement of Financial Position, Statement of F	Property (Carrying Value)       (Carrying value) x 100       Budgets and in- Year Reports         Debtors Management       Image: Construct of the second se	Property (Carrying Value)       (Carrying value) x       Budgets and in- Year Reports       Investment Property at Carrying value         Debtors Management       Investment Property at Carrying value       Investment Property at Carrying value         Debtors Management       (Gross Debtors Closing Balance + Billed Revenue - Gross Debtors Opening Balance - Bad Debts Written Off/Billed Revenue x 100       Statement of Financial Performance, Notes to the AFS, Budget, In-Year Reports, IDP and AR       95%       Gross Debtors closing balance         Bad Debts Written-off as % of Provision for Bad Debt       Bad Debts Written- off/Provision for Bad debts x 100       Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Financial Debt       100%	Property (Carrying Value)       (Carrying value) x       Budgets and in-Year Reports       PFC at carrying value       115,736         Value)       100       Investment Property at Carrying value       Investment Property at Carrying value       -         Debtors Management         Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Financial Performance, Notes to the AFS, Bad Debts Written-Off/Billed Revenue x 100       Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Financial Performance, Notes to the AFS, Bad Debts Written-Off/Drovision for Bad Debts Written-Off/Provision for Bad Debts X 100       Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Financial Performance, Notes to the AFS, Budget and AR       95%       Bad debts written Off       -         Bad Debts       Bad Debts Written-Off/Provision for Bad Debts x 100       Statement of Financial Position,	Property (Carrying Value)       (Carrying value) x 100       Budgets and in- Year Reports       Investment Property at Carrying value       115,736       98,566         Investment Property at Carrying value       Investment Property at Carrying value       115,736       98,566         Debtors Management       Investment Property at Cosing Balance + Billed Revenue - Gross Debtors Opening Balance - Bad Debts Written Off//Billed Revenue x 100       Statement of Financial Performance, Notes to the AFS, Budget, In-Year Reports, IDP and AR       95%       Gross Debtors closing balance       147%       141%         Bad Debts Written-off as % of Provision for Bad Debt       Bad Debts Written off//Provision for Bad debts x 100       Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Financial Position, Sta

		((Gross Debtors -	Statement of Financial Position,		Gross debtors	-	18	
		Bad debt Provision)/ Actual	Statement of Financial		Bad debts Provision	-	-	
		Billed Revenue)) × 365	Performance, Notes to the AFS, Budget and AR		Billed Revenue	89	86	
C.	Liquidity Manageme	nt						
		((Cash and Cash				17 Month	12 Month	
		Equivalents - Unspent			Cash and cash equivalents	469.037	401,783	
		Conditional Grants - Overdraft) + Short Term Investment) /	Statement of Financial Position.		Unspent Conditional Grants	3,994	1,000	
	Cash / Cost Coverage Ratio	Monthly Fixed Operational	Statement of Financial	1 - 3	Overdraft	-	-	
1	(Excl. Unspent Conditional Grants)	Expenditure excluding	Performance, Notes to the AFS,	Months	Short Term Investments	-	-	
	Grants)	(Depreciation, Amortisation, Provision for Bad Debts, Impairment and Loss on Disposal of Assets)	Budget, In year Reports and AR		Total Annual Operational Expenditure	335,298	410,772	
			Statement of			23.33	14.17	
2	Current Ratio	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	Financial Position, Budget, IDP and	1.5 - 2:1	Current Assets	607,503	591,070	
			AR		Current Liabilities	26,036	41,723	
D.	Liability Managemer	nt						
	Capital	Capital	Statement of			7%	3%	
1	Cost(Interest Paid and Redemption)	Cost(Interest Paid and Redemption) /	Financial Position, Statement of	6% - 8%	Interest Paid	4,491	5,447	
	as a % of Total	Total Operating Expenditure x 00	Cash Flows, Statement of		Redemption	19,541	6,253	

	Operating Expenditure		Financial Performance,		Total Operating Expenditure	335,298	410,772	
			Budget, IDP, In- Year Reports and AR		Taxation Expense	-	-	
	1		P		r			
		(Overdraft + Current Finance				4%	10%	
		Lease Obligation + Non current	Statement of		Total Debt	15,022	34,562	
	Debt (Total	Finance Lease Obligation + Short	Financial Position, Statement of		Total Operating Revenue	366.739	344.532	
2	Borrowings) / Revenue	Term Borrowings + Long term borrowing) / (Total Operating Revenue - Operational Conditional Grants) x 100	Financial Performance, Budget, IDP and AR	45%	Operational Conditional Grants	7,950	4,742	
Е.:	Sustainability							
			•					
						#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
		(Cash and Cash Equivalents - Bank			Cash and cash Equivalents	469,037	401,783	
		overdraft + Short Term Investment +			Bank Overdraft	-	-	
		Long Term Investment -			Short Term Investment	-	-	
	Level of Cash Backed Reserves	Unspent grants) / (Net Assets -	Statement		Long Term Investment	-	33,756	
1	(Net Assets - Accumulated	Accumulated Surplus - Non	Financial Position, Budget and AR	100%	Unspent Grants	3,393	1,000	
	Surplus)	Controlling Interest Share Premium -			Net Assets	649,100	616,307	
		Share Capital - Fair Value Adjustment -			Share Premium	-	-	
		Revaluation Reserve) x 100			Share Capital	-	-	
					Revaluation Reserve	-	-	

					Fair Value Adjustment Reserve	-	-	
					Accumulated Surplus	649,100	616,307	
2 1	FINANCIAL PERFOR		<u>.</u>					
2.1	INANCIAL PERI OF							
<b>A.</b>	Efficiency			-				
						11%	-17%	
			Statement of		Total Operating Revenue	366.739	344.532	
1	Net Operating Surplus Margin	(Total Operating Revenue - Total Operating Expenditure)/Total Operating Revenue	Financial Performance, Budget, In-Year reports, AR, Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts and Statement of Changes in Net Asset	= or > 0%	Depreciation - Revalued Portion (Only populate if depreciation line item in the Statement of Financial Performance is based on the revalued asset value)	7,910	8,312	
					Total Operating Expenditure	335,298	410,722	
					Taxation Expense	-	-	
	1	1		1	1	1		
		Total Electricity	Statement of Financial			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
2	Net Surplus /Deficit Electricity Electricity Expenditure/Tota Electricity Rever × 100	Electricity	Performance, Notes to AFS.	0% -	Total Electricity Revenue			No applicable
		Electricity Revenue	Budget, IDP, In- Year reports and AR	15%	Total Electricity Expenditure			
		Total Water	Statement of			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
3	Net Surplus /Deficit Water	Revenue less Total Water Expenditure/Total Water Revenue ×	Financial Performance, Budget, IDP, In- Year reports and	= or > 0%	Total Water Revenue	#DIV/0!	#010/0!	No applicable
		100	AR	İ	Total Water Expenditure			

		Total Refuse	Statement of			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
4	Net Surplus	Revenue less Total Refuse	Financial Performance,	= or >	Total Refuse Revenue			Not
4	/Deficit Refuse	Expenditure/Total	Budget, IDP, In-	0%				applicable
		Refuse Revenue × 100	Year reports and AR		Total Refuse Expenditure			
		Total Sanitation and	Statement of			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
			Financial		Total Sanitation and			Not
	Net Surplus	Sanitation and	Performance,	= or >	Water Waste Revenue			applicable
5	/Deficit Sanitation and Waste Water	Waste Water Expenditure/Total	Notes to AFS, Budget, IDP, In-	0%				
	Sa Wa	Sanitation and	Year reports and		Total Sanitation and			Not
		Waste Water Revenue × 100	AR		Water Waste Expenditure			applicable
		Revenue × 100						
в.	Distribution Losses							
	1	(Number of	1	1	1			
		Electricity Units				#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
	Electricity	Purchased and/or	Annual Report,		Number of units purchased and/or			Not
1	Distribution	Generated - Number of units	Audit Report and Notes to Annual	7% -	generated	-		applicable
1.	Losses	sold) / Number of	Financial	10%				
	(Percentage)	Electricity Units	Statements		Number of units sold			Not applicable
		Purchased and/or generated) × 100				-		applicable
	1	J	1	1	1			
	Water Distribution	(Number of	Annual Report,			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
2	Losses	Kilolitres Water Purchased or	Audit Report and	15% - 30%	Number of kilolitres			Not
	(Percentage)	Purified - Number of	Notes to Annual	50 /0	purchased and/or purified	-	-	applicable

		Kilolitres Water Sold) / Number of Kilolitres Water Purchased or Purified × 100	Financial Statements		Number of kilolitres sold	-	-	Not applicable
<b>C</b> . I	Revenue Manageme	nt						
		(Period under				0%	-67%	
1	Growth in Number of Active Debtor of Active period's number of Consumer Accounts Accounts Debtor System Debtors System Debtor System Debtors X 100	Deb	Number of Active Debtors Accounts (Previous)	1	3			
		Accounts)/ previous number of Active Debtor Accounts x			Number of Active Debtors Accounts (Current)	1	1	
		1	1					
	Revenue Growth (%)	(Period under review's Total Revenue - previous period's Total Revenue)/ previous period's Total Revenue ) x 100	Statement of Financial Performance, Budget, IDP, In- Year reports and AR	= CPI		6%	4%	
					CPI	5%	7%	
2					Total Revenue (Previous)	344,532	330,153	
					Total Revenue (Current)	366,739	344,532	
			1		1			
		(Period under review's Total				6%	4%	
		Revenue Excluding	Statement of		CPI	5%	7%	
3	Revenue Growth	capital grants- previous period's Total Revenue	Financial Performance,	= CPI	Total Revenue Exl.Capital (Previous)	344,532	330,153	
3	(%) - Excluding capital grants excluding capital grants// provious Budget	Notes to AFS , Budget, IDP, In- Year reports and AR	= 041	Total Revenue Exl.Capital (Current)	366,213	344,532		

п	Expenditure Manage	ement						
<u>.</u>				1				
1					Trade Creditors	22 days 15,701	28 days 27,298	
					Contracted Services	1,031	181	81
	Creditors Payment	Trade Creditors Outstanding / Credit	Statement of Financial	30 days	Repairs and Maintenance	8,132		
	Period (Trade Creditors)	Purchases (Operating and Capital) × 365	Performance, Notes to AFS, Budget, In-Year		General expenses	228,812		
		Capital) ^ 305	reports and AR		Bulk Purchases	-		
					Capital Credit Purchases (Capital Credit Purchases refers to additions of Investment Property and Property, Plant and Equipment)	25,124	22,223	
						4%	3%	
2	Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful and Unauthorised Expenditure / Total Operating Expenditure / Expenditure / Expenditure / Expenditure / Expenditure x100	Statement Financial Performance,		Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful and Unauthorised Expenditure	4% 14,258	10,567		
2		Operating	Notes to Annual Financial Statements and AR	0%	Total Operating Expenditure	335,298	410,772	
					Taxation Expense	-	-	
	1	1						
3				1		26%	16%	

		Remuneration	(Employee Related Costs and Statement of Financial	25% -	Employee/personnel related cost	73,261	55,900	
	Remuneration as     Cost       % of Total     Could       Operating     Rem	(Employee Related Costs and Councillors'			Councillors Remuneration	12,691	11,598	
		Remuneration) /Total Operating	Budget, IDP, In- Year reports and AR	40%	Total Operating Expenditure	335,298	410,772	
		Expenditure x100			Taxation Expense	-	-	
						0%	0%	
	Contracted Services % of	Contracted Services / Total	Statement of Financial Performance.		Contracted Services	1,031	181	
4	Total Operating Operating		Budget, IDP, In- Year reports and AR	2% - 5%	Total Operating Expenditure	335,298	410,772	
					Taxation Expense	-	-	
Ε.								
	Grant Dependency		-					
	Grant Dependency							
-	Grant Dependency		Statement of			100%	100%	
	Own funded	Own funded Capital	Financial Position, Budget, AFS Appendices,		Internally generated funds	100%	100%	
1	Own funded Capital Expenditure (Internally generated funds +	Expenditure (Internally generated funds +	Financial Position, Budget, AFS Appendices, Notes to the Annual Financial Statements (Statement of	None				
	Own funded Capital Expenditure (Internally	Expenditure (Internally	Financial Position, Budget, AFS Appendices, Notes to the Annual Financial Statements	None	funds	24,337	22,223	
	Own funded Capital Expenditure (Internally generated funds + Borrowings) to Total Capital	Expenditure (Internally generated funds + Borrowings) / Total Capital Expenditure	Financial Position, Budget, AFS Appendices, Notes to the Annual Financial Statements (Statements (Statement of Comparative and Actual Information), Budget, IDP, In- Year reports and	None	funds Borrowings	24,337	22,223	

	Own funded		Statement of Financial Position, Budget, AFS Appendices,		Internally generated funds			
	Capital Expenditure (Internally Generated Funds) to Total Capital Expenditure	Own funded Capital Expenditure (Internally Generated Funds) / Total Capital Expenditure x 100	Notes to the Annual Financial Statements (Statement of Comparative and Actual Information) Budget, IDP, In- Year reports and AR		Total Capital Expenditure	25,124	22,223	
		Own Source				9%	9%	
	Own Source Revenue to Total Operating Revenue(Including Agency Revenue)	Revenue (Total revenue - Government grants and Subsidies - Public Contributions and Donations)/ Total Operating	venue - vermment grants blic Contributions d Donations)/ tal Operating venue (including nerv services) x Statement Financial Performance, Budget, IDP, In- Year reports and AR	None	Total Revenue	366,739	344,532	
3					Government grant and subsidies	325,966	313,592	
					Public contributions and Donations	6,090	60	
		Revenue (including agency services) x 100			Capital Grants	-	-	
3.	BUDGET IMPLEMEN	TATION						
	1	1	1	1				
			Statement of			75%	51%	
1	Capital Expenditure Budget	Actual capital Expenditure / Budget Capital Expenditure x 100	Statement of Financial Position, Budget, AFS Appendices, In- Year reports and AR	95% - 100%	Actual Capital Expenditure	25,123	22,223	
	Implementation Indicator				Budget Capital Expenditure	33,346	43,234	
					-			
2						78%	69%	

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	Operating Expenditure	Actual Operating Expenditure /	Statement of Financial Position, Budget, AFS	95% - 100%	Actual Operating Expenditure	335,298	410,772	
	Budget Implementation Indicator	Budgeted Operating Expenditure x 100	Appendices, IDP, In-Year reports and AR		Budget Operating Expenditure	432,067	599,667	
			Statement of			105%	103%	
3	Operating Revenue Budget Implementation Indicator Actual Operating Revenue / Budget Operating Revenue x 100	Financial Position, Budget, AFS Appendices, IDP,	95% - 100%	Actual Operating Revenue	366,739	344,532		
			In-Year reports and AR		Budget Operating Revenue	348,280	335,642	
					•			
						#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
4	Service Charges and Property Rates Revenue Budget Implementation Indicator	Statement of Financial Position, Budget, AFS Appendices, IDP,	95% - 100%	Actual Service Charges and Property Rates Revenue	-	-	Not applicable	
		and Property Rates and AP		Budget Service Charges and Property Rates Revenue	-	-	Not applicable	